

COLOMBIA ROUND 2021















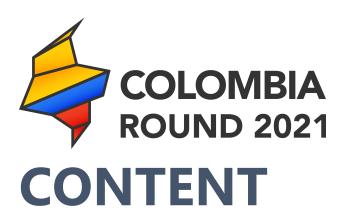






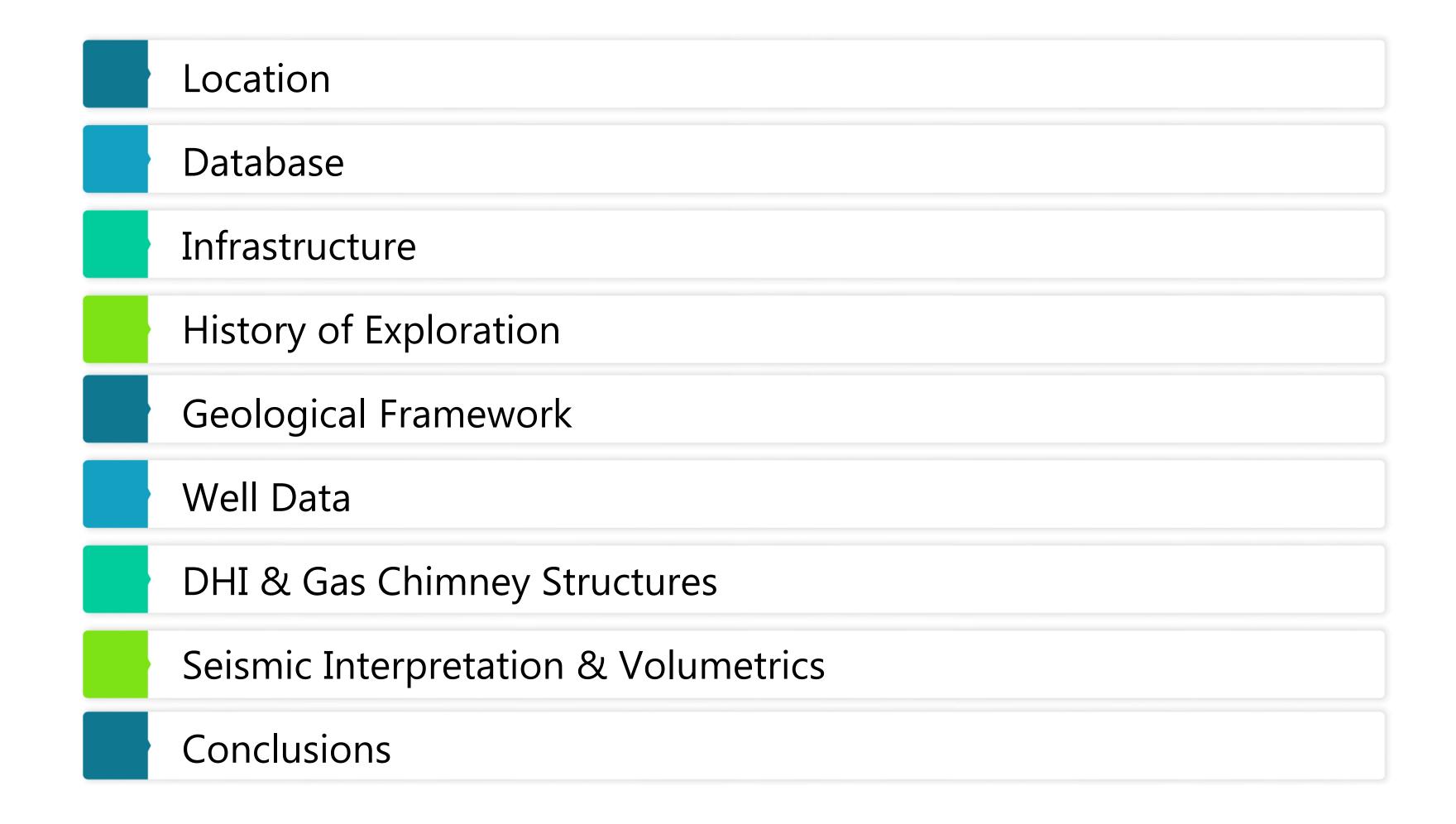




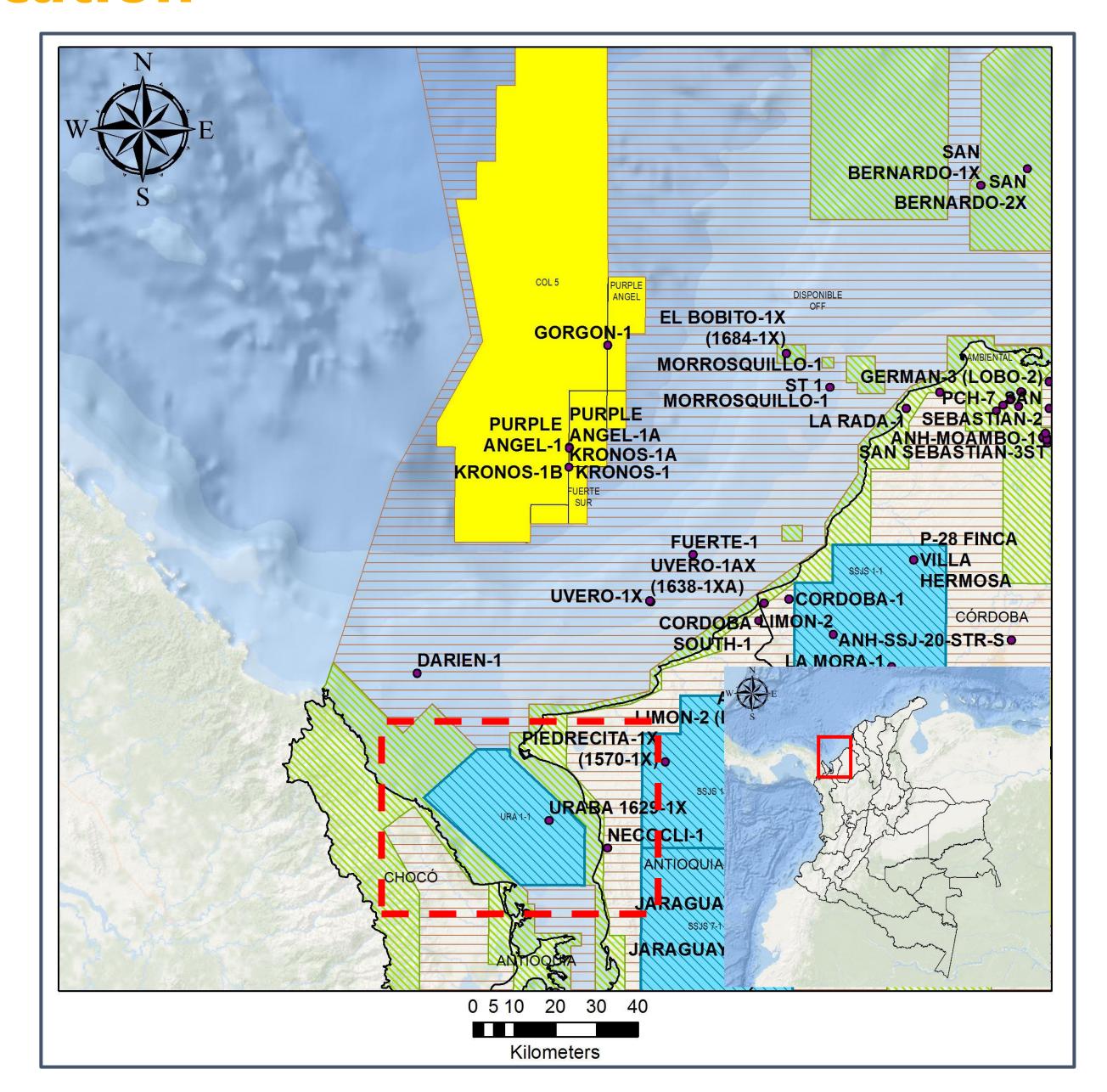








Location



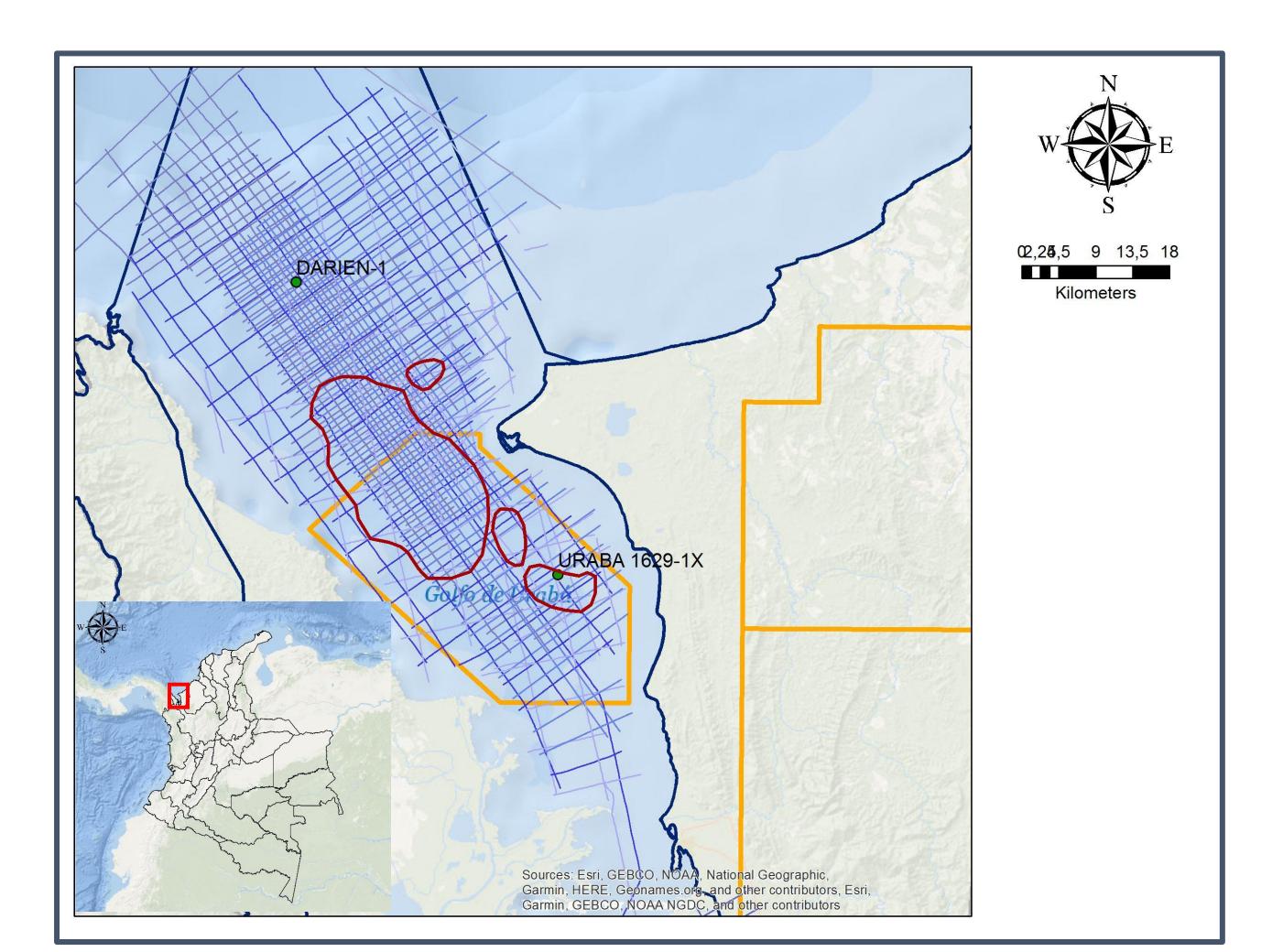




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- URA 1-1 Block
- Area: 77,543.24 Ha
- **Area Type:** Offshore
- Located in the Urabá Gulf nearby to Chocó and Antioquia departments onshore
- At the north are located the E&P contracts: COL 5, Purple Angel & Fuerte Sur (c.a. 50 Km apart)

Database







2D Seismic Programs (4 Surveys)

- Uraba 67
- Golfo de Uraba 77
- Golfo de Uraba 78
- Golfo de Uraba 89
- Total Length (1,381.87 Km)

3D Seismic

None

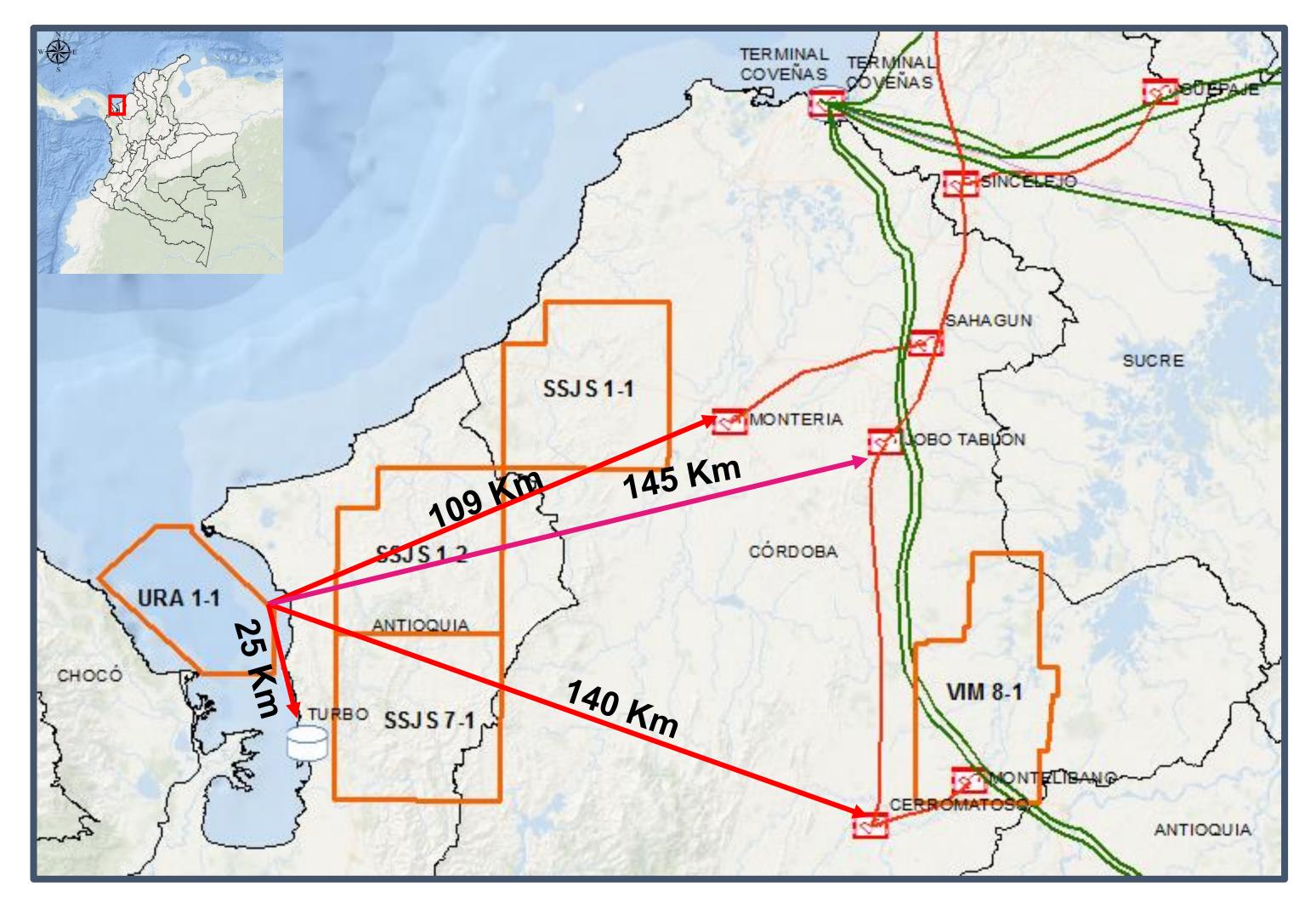
Well	Year	TD (ft)	Main Target
Uraba – 1629 – 1X	1972	11,229	Middle Miocene
Darien - 1	1979	4,425	Pleistocene (?)

Infrastructure





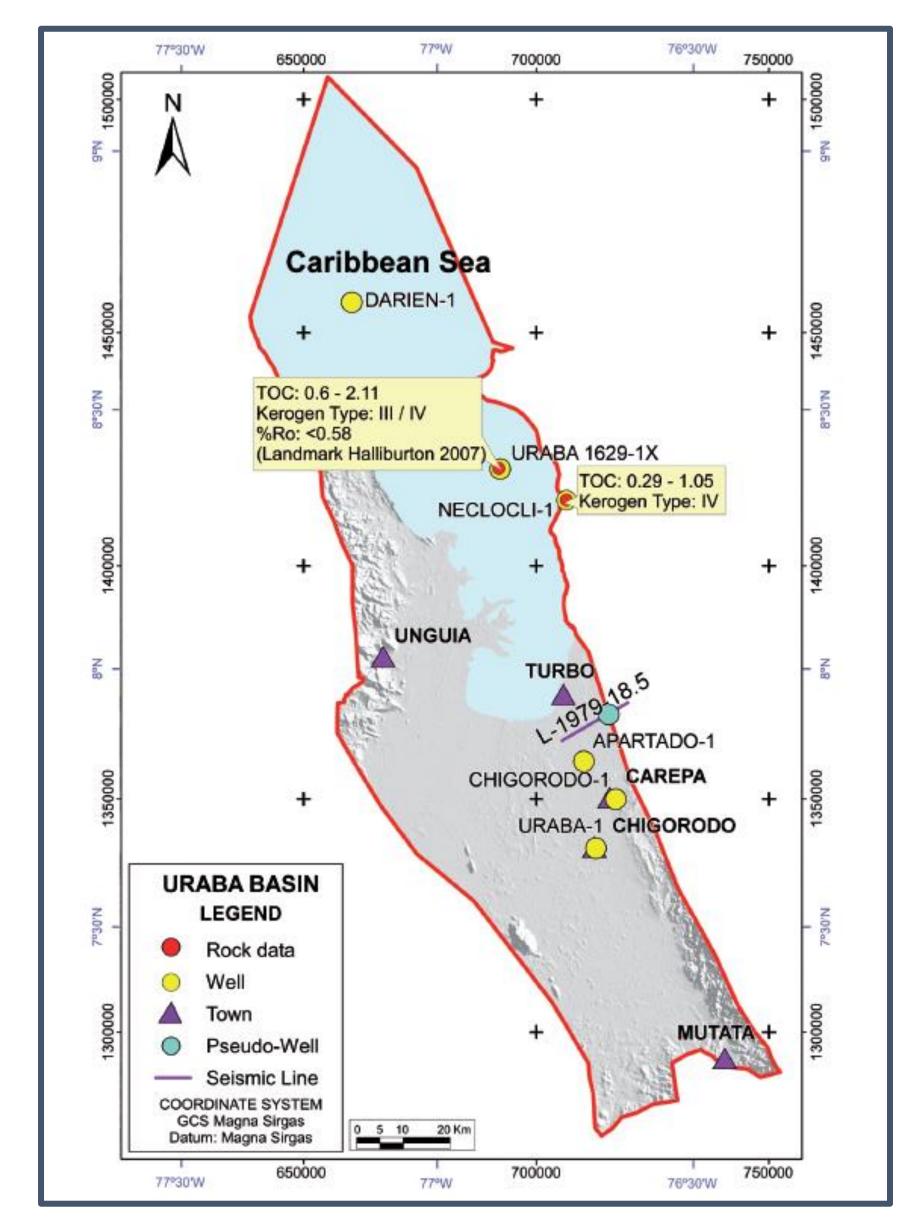




Main Infrastructure Elements Nearby:

- Oil Pipeline:
- 145 Km in straight line
- **Gas Pipeline:**
- 109 Km to Monteria Station
- 140 Km to Cerramotoso
- 140 Km to Jobo Tablon
- **Storage Station**
- Turbo (20 30 Km)

History of Exploration







- Most of the Uraba data are the result of data generated by an early-phase of exploration taken by various petroleum and mineral companies since the 1940's
- Its considered a sub-explored basin
- Two wells drilled were drilled in the basin in the 1970s' with just one inside the area
- Area covered by **2D seismic** programs **from 1977 up to 1989**

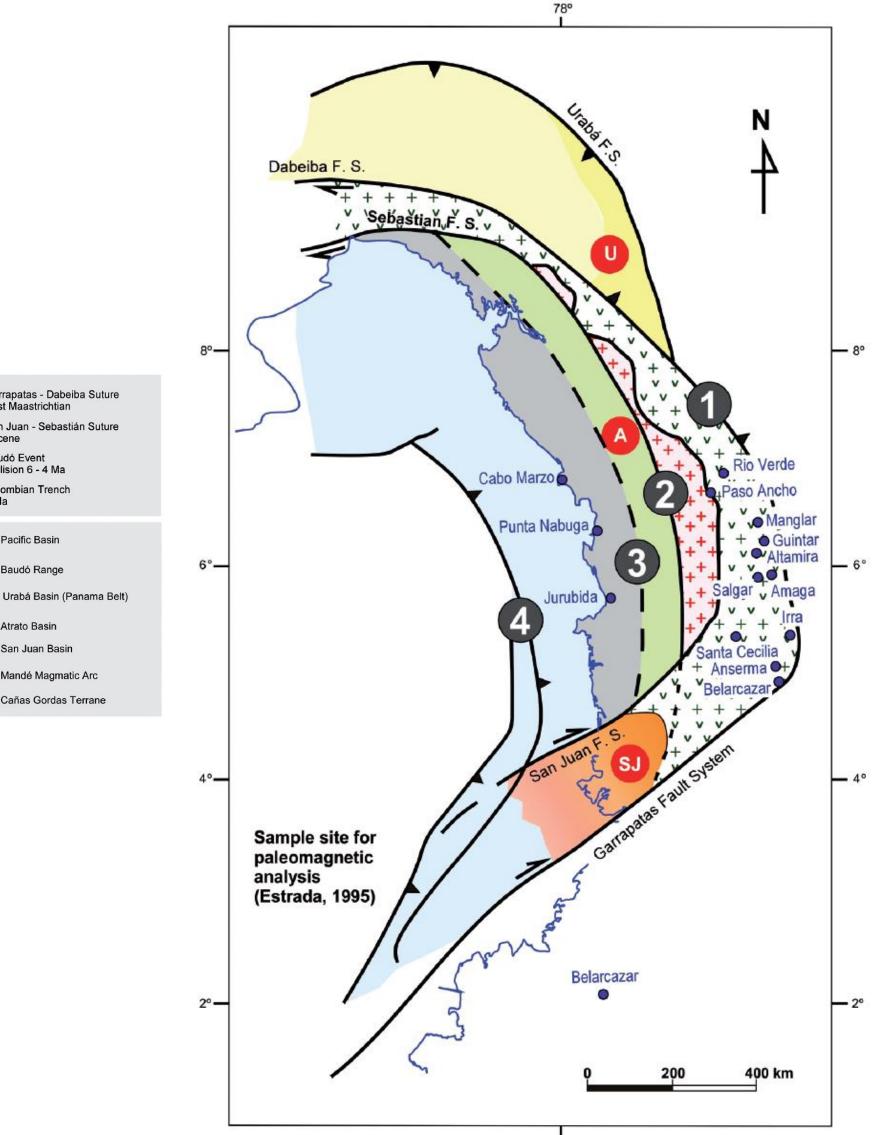




Geological Framework





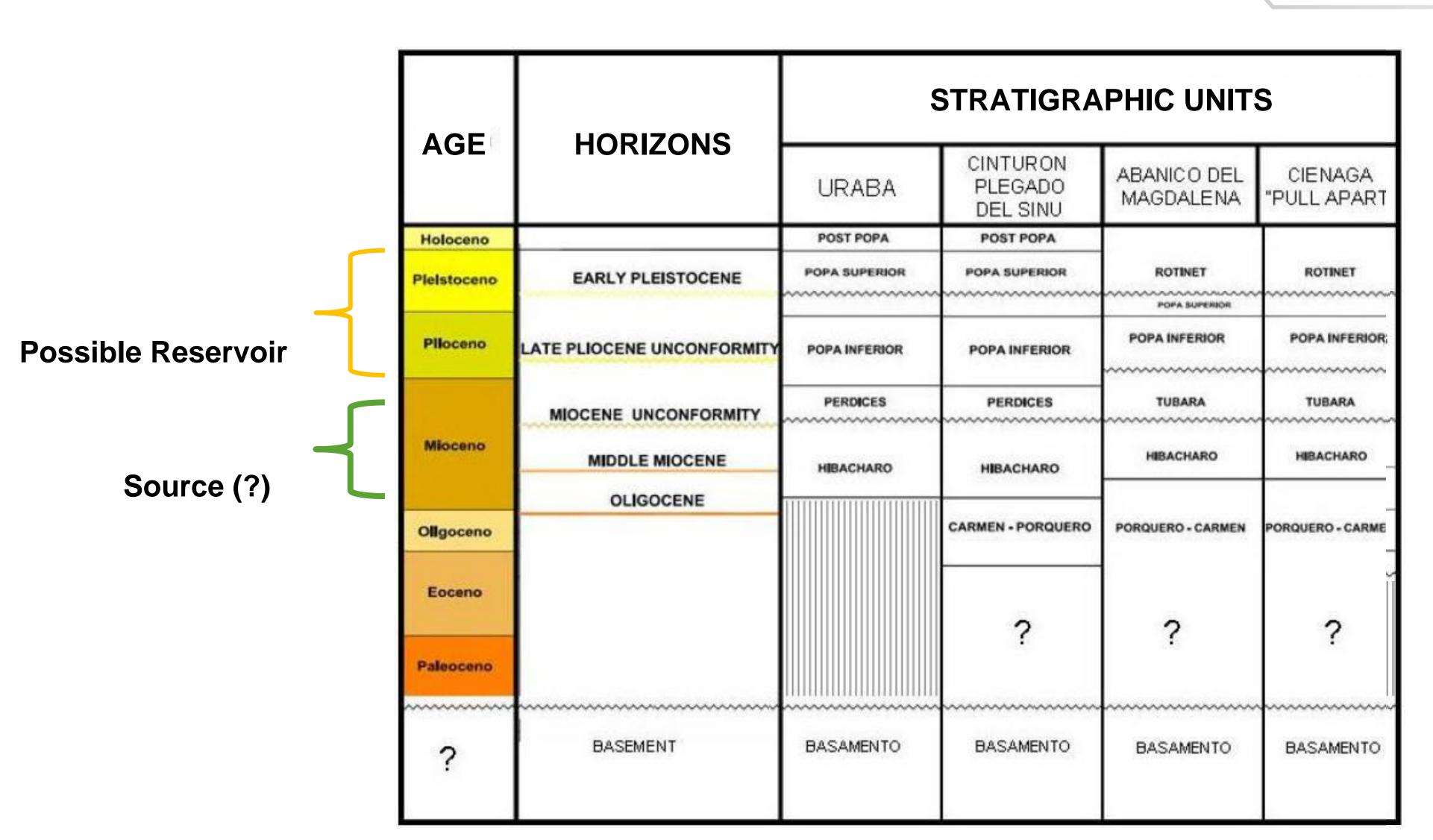


- The basement of the Uraba basin is comprised of allochthonous fragments of Late Cretaceous oceanic crust and or island arcs
- Urabá (Pull-apart) Basin: Up to 4 km of marine deltaic sediments deposited since Miocene (?)
- Deposition in a transtensional regime marked by the influence of **transcurrent faults**
- There are some rocks with generating characteristics in the Urabá 1629-1X and Darien – 1 wells on rocks with calcareous and clayey facies from Miocene (?)
- The **Pliocene sequence** located in the Darien 1 well **shows** favourable characteristics for hydrocarbon accumulation.
- Landmark Halliburton (2007) reported coralline limestone from seismic amplitude anomalies

Stratigraphic Setting





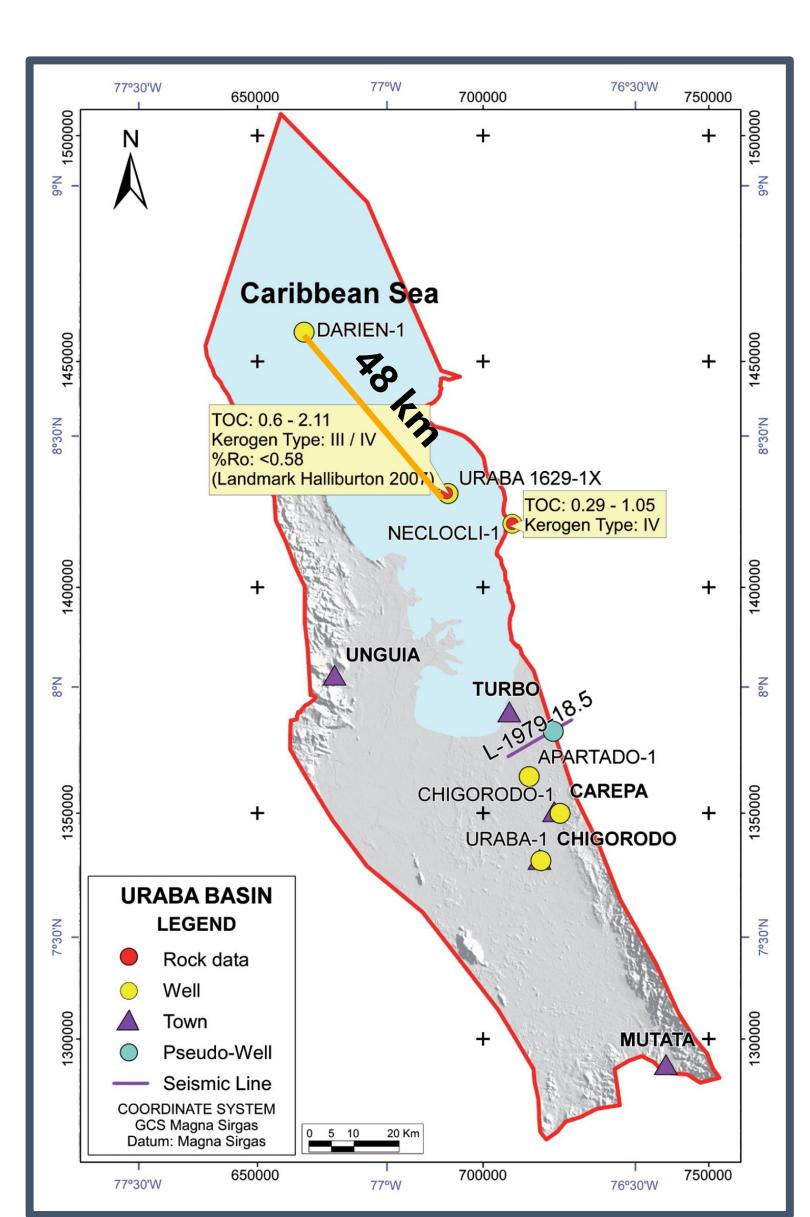


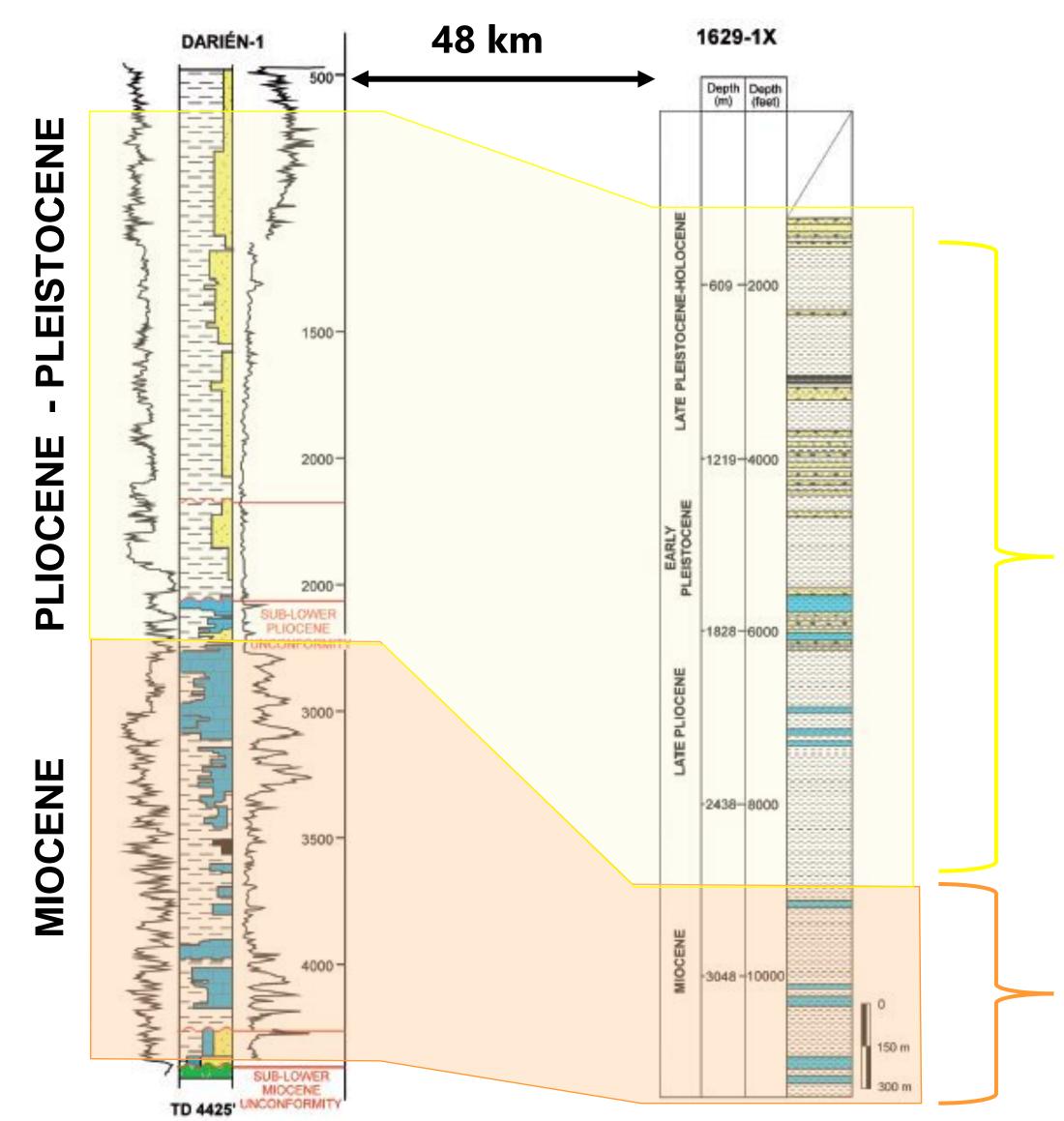
- The oldest recorded sedimentary rocks are **Lower Miocene.**
- Possible reservoirs at Pliocene

Well Data









Sandy layers of middle platform with shale intercalations and reef limestones

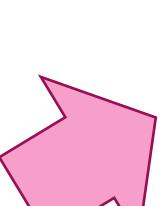
 Predominantly outer platform limestones with deep marine shales





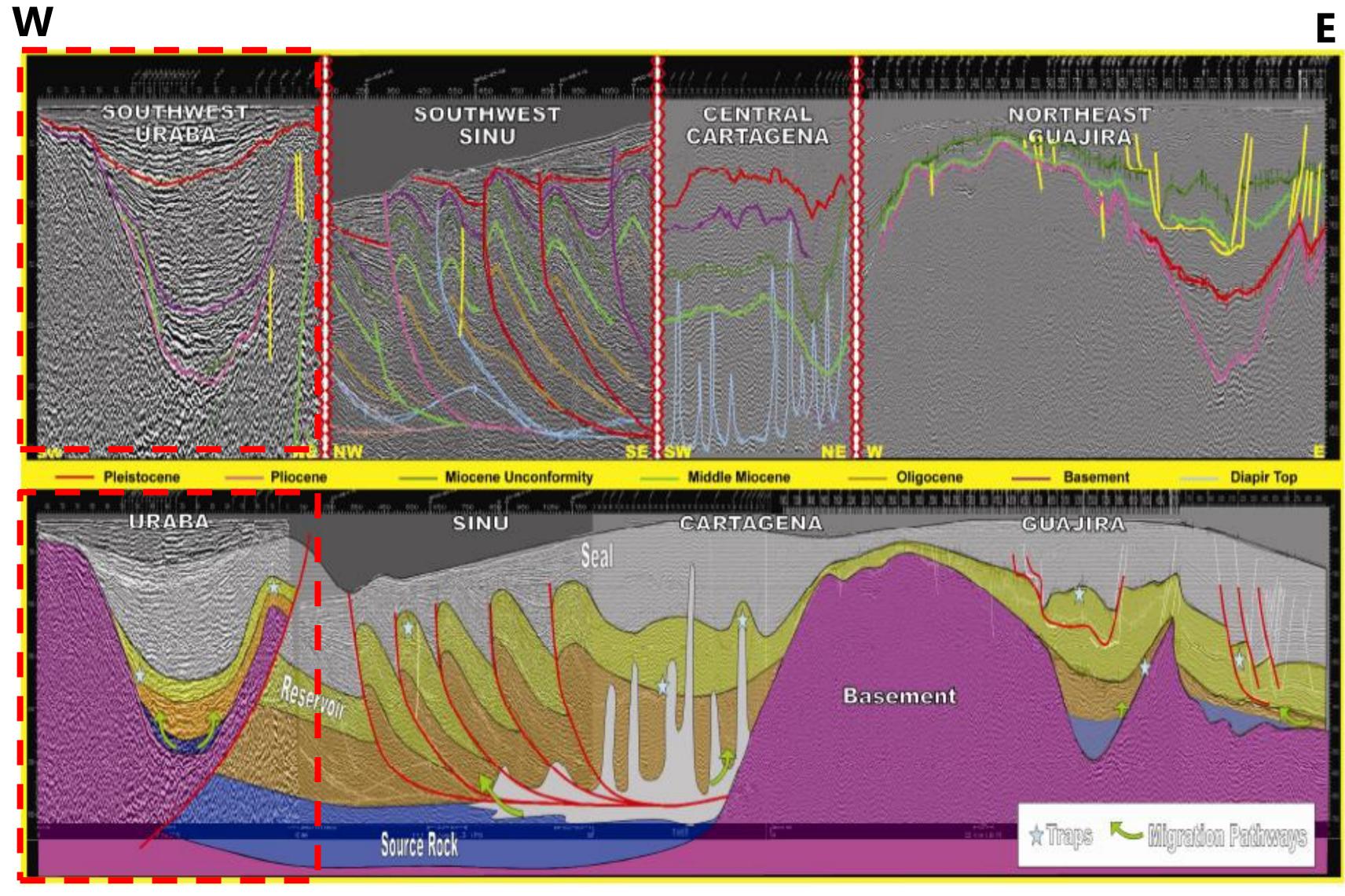
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Middle Miocene to Pliocene – Pleistocene sediments controlled by transtensional faulting



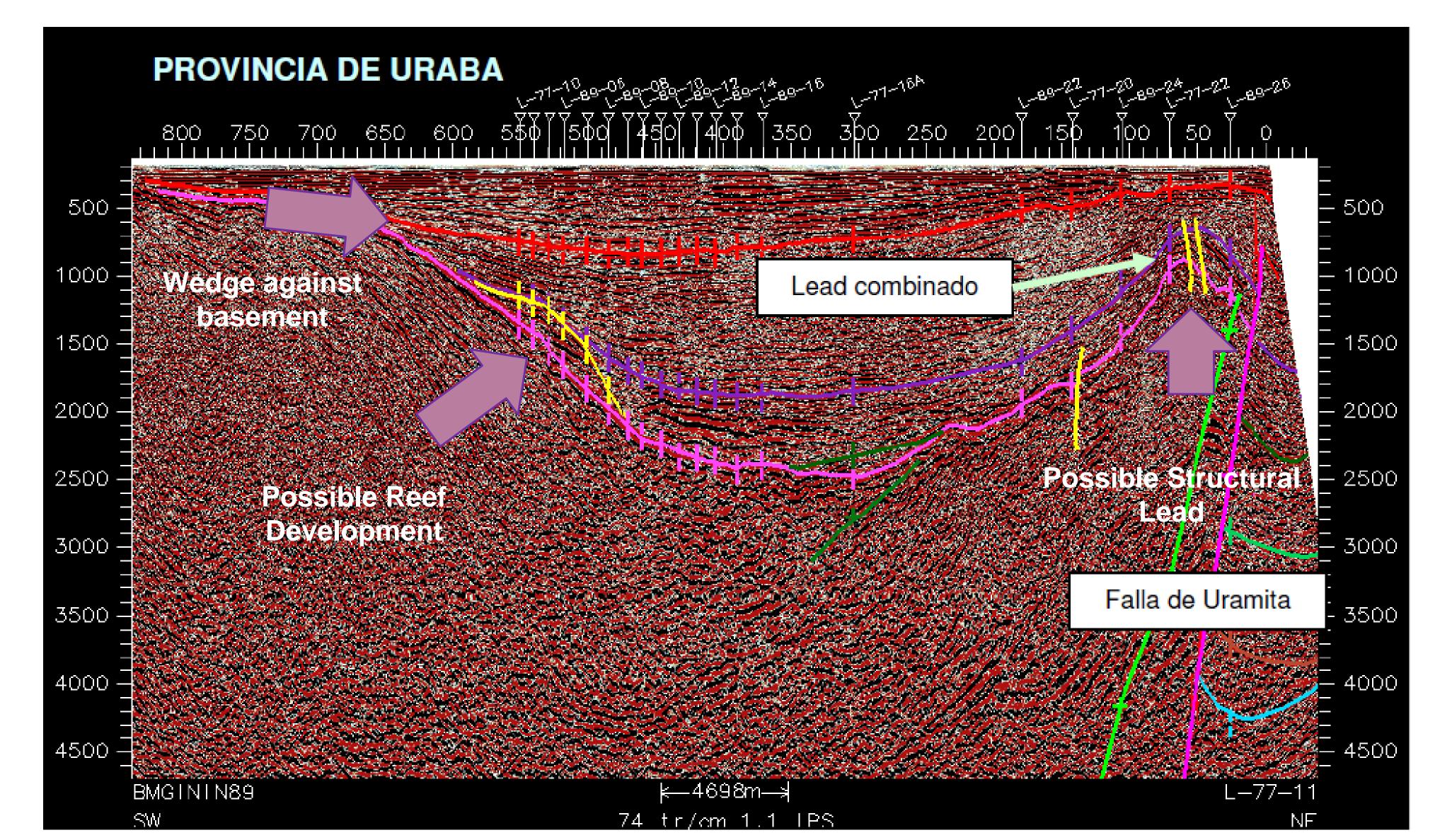


Landmark Seismic Interpretation for the ANH (2007)





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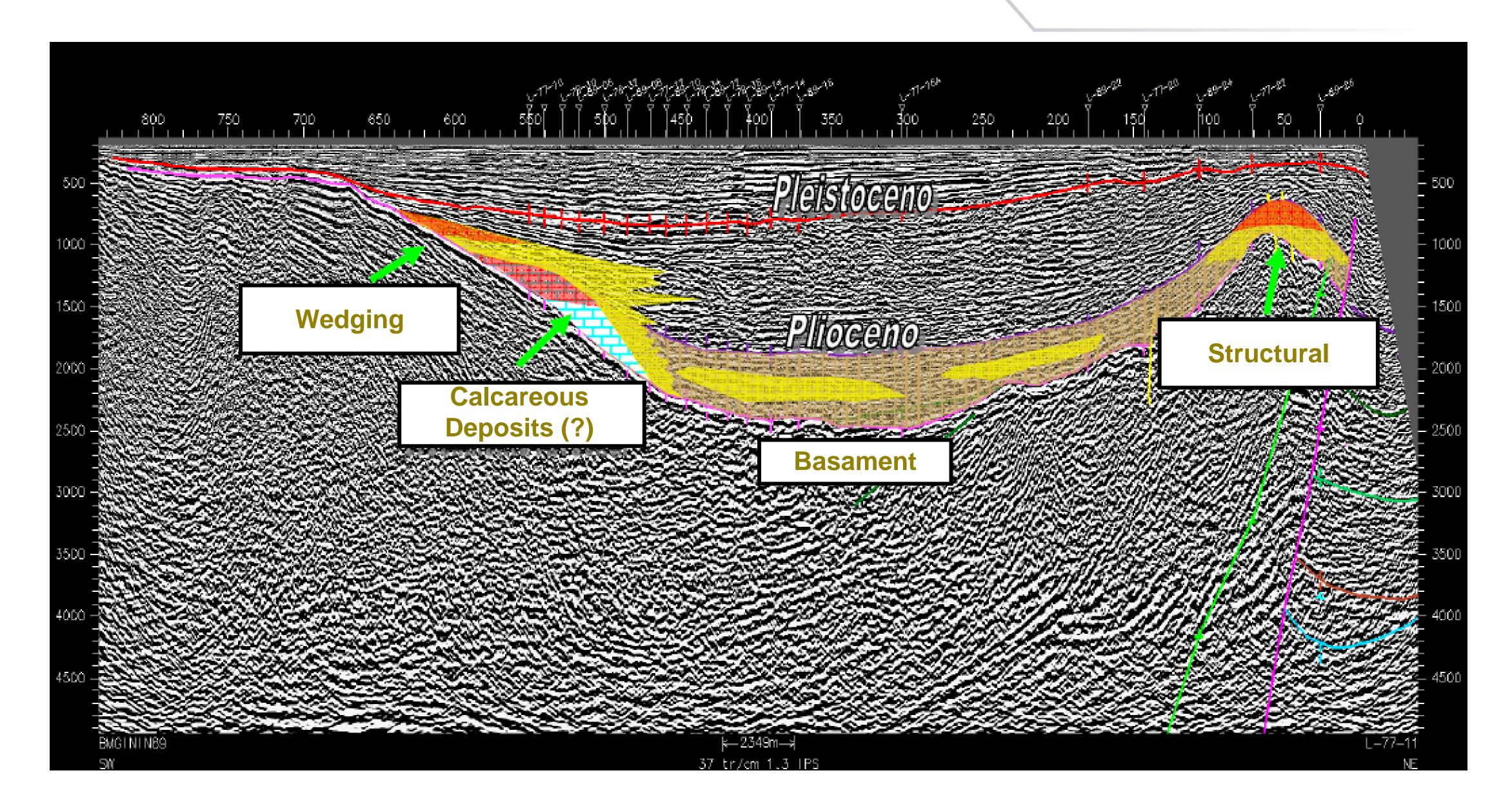


Possible Stratigraphic Trap (Reef Limestone)





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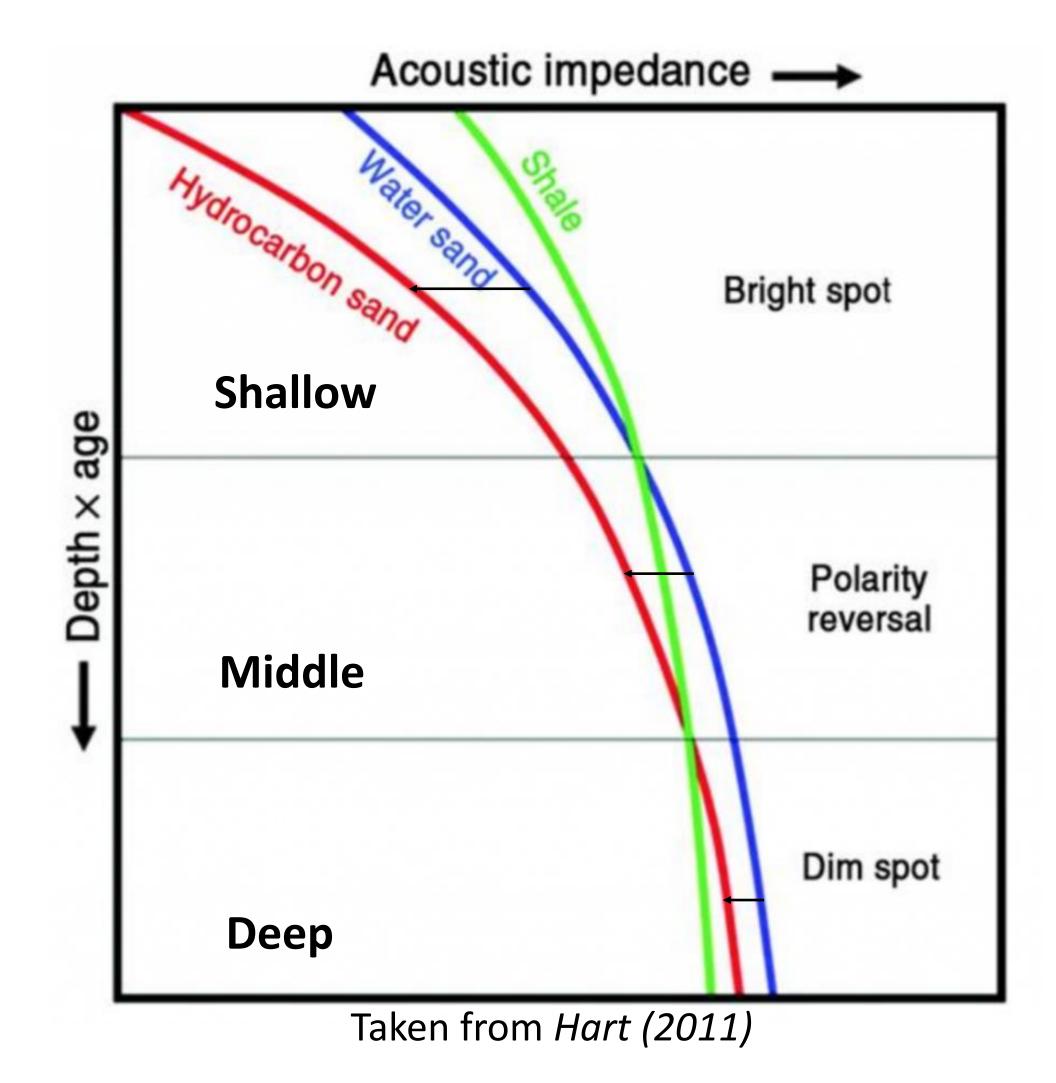


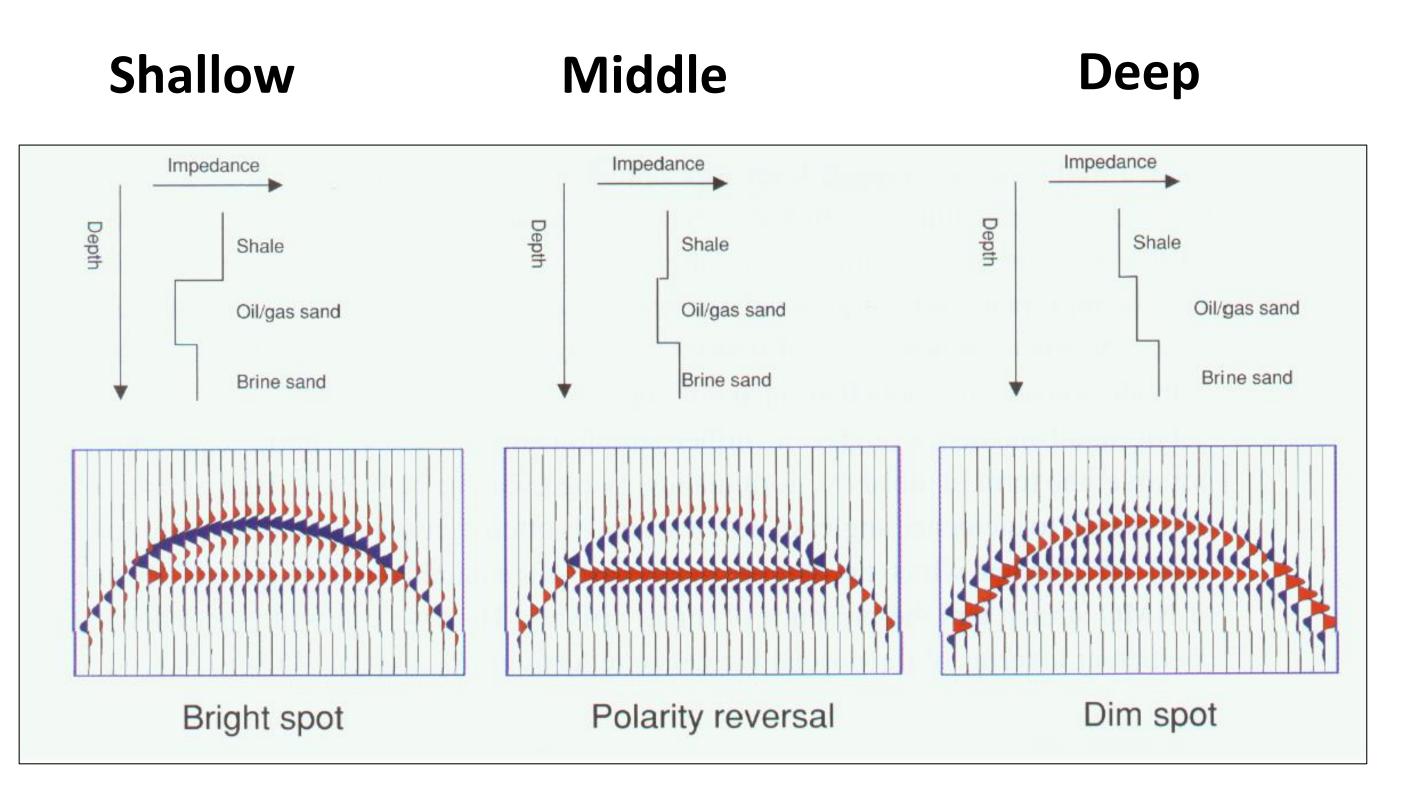
GAS CHIMNEYS AND DHI

Direct Hydrocarbon Indicators









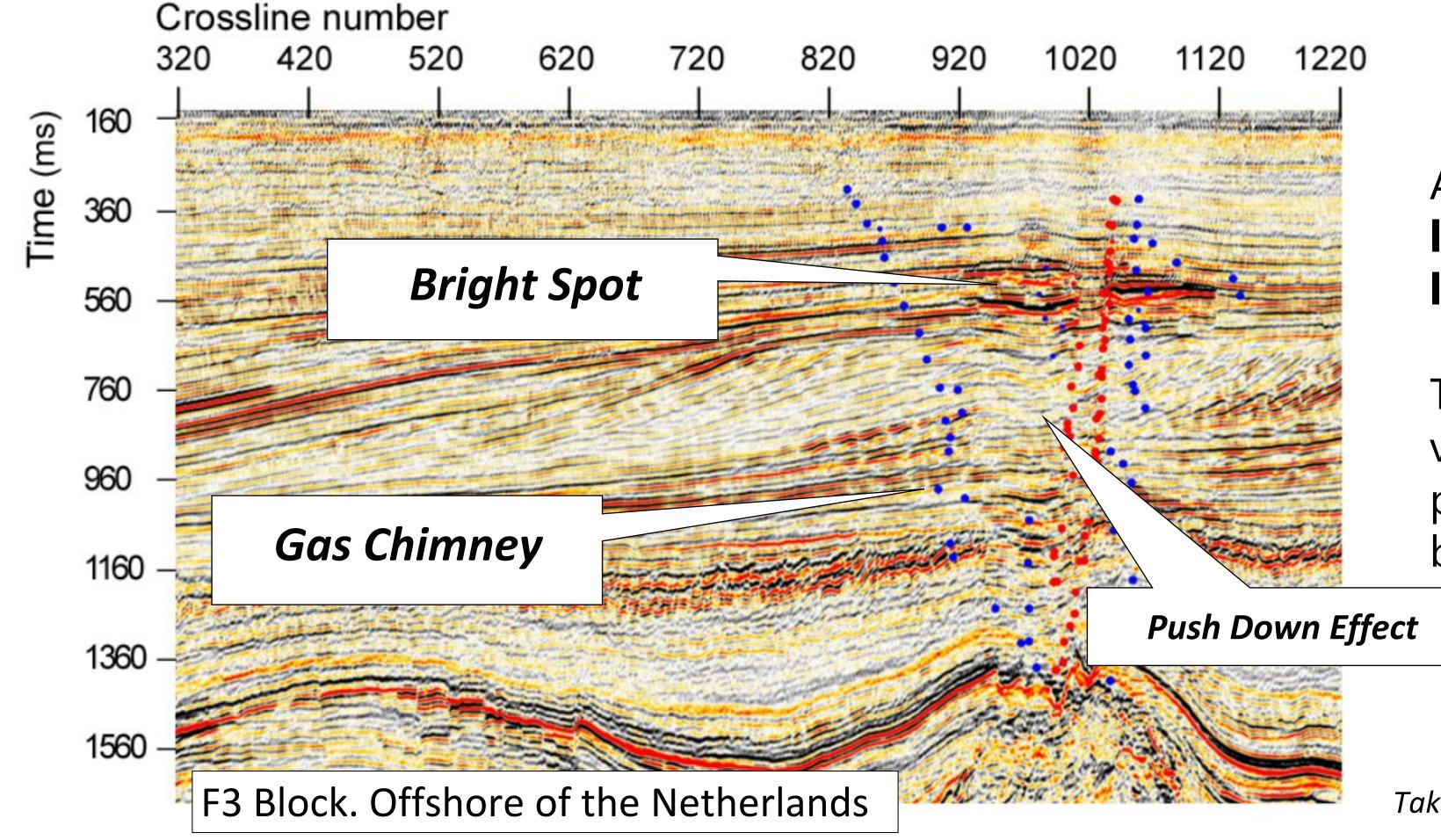
Taken and Modified from Simm & Bacon (2014)

Gas Chimney Structures









A gas chimney is defined as a gas leakeage from an accumulation with low seal capacity.

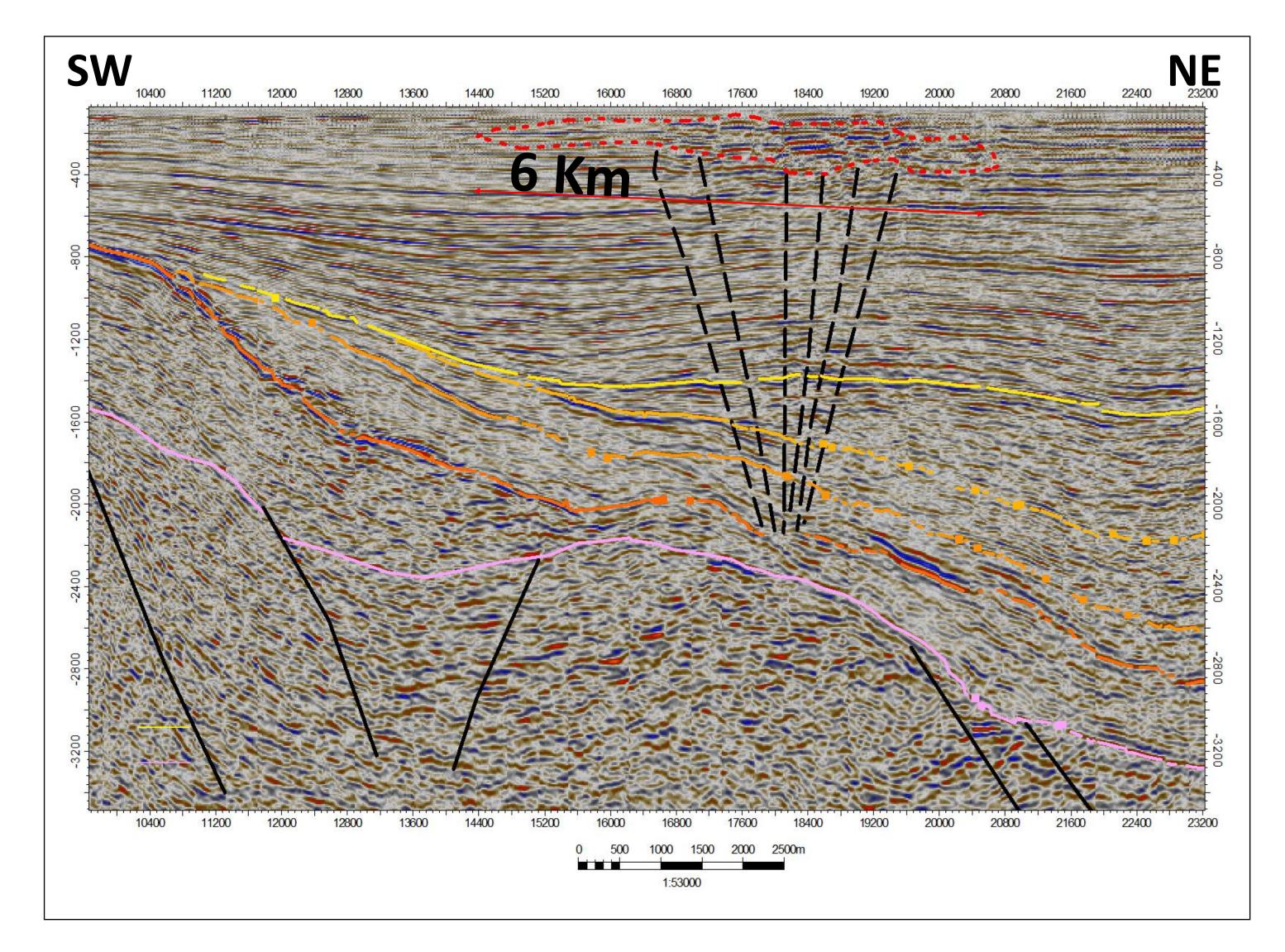
of gas decreases presence velocity of the seismic waves producing push down effects of units below

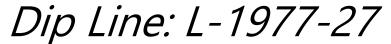
Taken from Hashemi & Tax (2008)





Seismic Interpretation: Dip Line



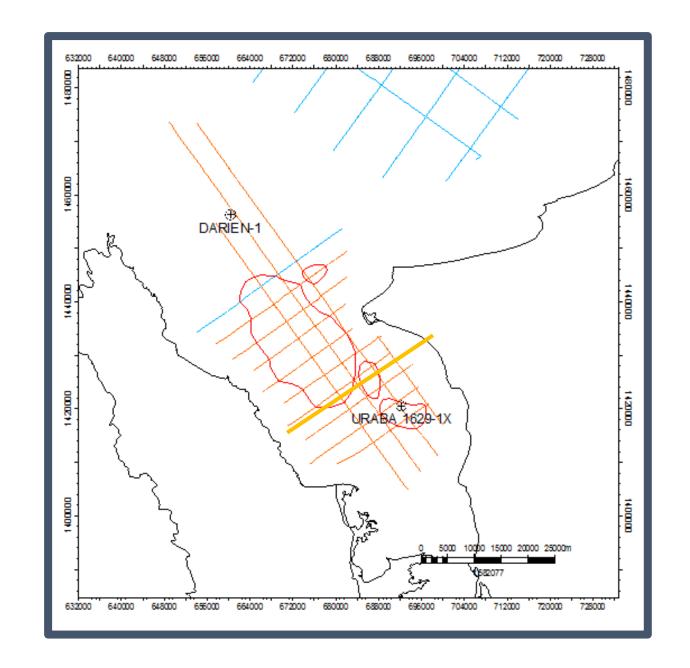




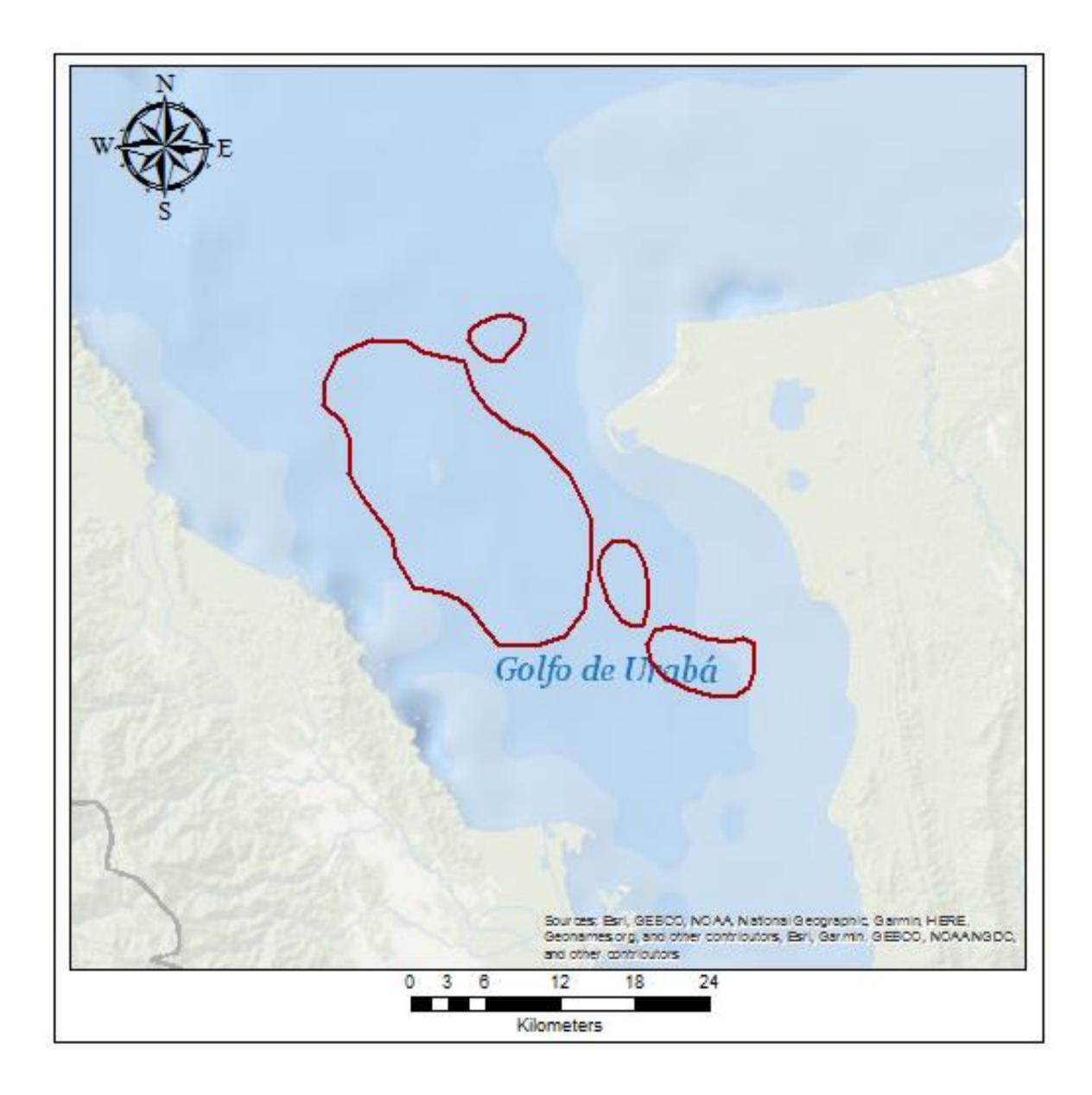




- Presence of DHI (gas chimneys)
- Apparently similar reservoir as the ones found in the Pliocene of the Colombia basin
- Shallow seabed: water column (100 m)
- Reckoned as the best place to test the play



Volumetrics







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GAS

4 leads in total

• OGIP: 29,96 TCFs

Recovery factor 85% Chance of success 10%

Prospective Resources

High Estimate: 2,54 TCFs
Best Estimate 1,27 TCFs
Low Estimate 0,25 TCFs

Conclusions





- The Uraba offshore basin is a sub-explored basin where only two wells have been drilled: Uraba 1629-1X (1972) and Darien 1 (1979).
- The area offered by the ANH (URA 1-1) is located 50 km southward from the E&P blocks Col 5, Purple Angel and Fuerte Sur, where wells such as Gorgon 1, Purple Angel 1 and Kronos 1 have been drilled.
- The wells Urabá- 1629-1X and Darien-1 drilled sediments from the Miocene with limestone reefs at the base and marine sandy levels at the top. The **Miocene limestones and shales** have the potential of being **source rocks (?)** while the **Pliocene sandstones** of being **potential reservoirs**.
- According to interpretations made by Landmark Halliburton for the ANH in 2007, stratrigraphic traps in calcareous sediments from the Pliocene could be found as well as structural traps associated to transpressive faults.
- The main leads identified by ANH are associated to possible gas chimneys related to sandstones from the Plioceno
 Pleistocene (?) with a best estimate of 1,2 TCFs of gas.







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