

AREAS ADVERTISEMENT 2022

Sinú – San Jacinto: SSJS 1-2, SSJS 1-3, SSJS 7-1 & SSJS 7-2













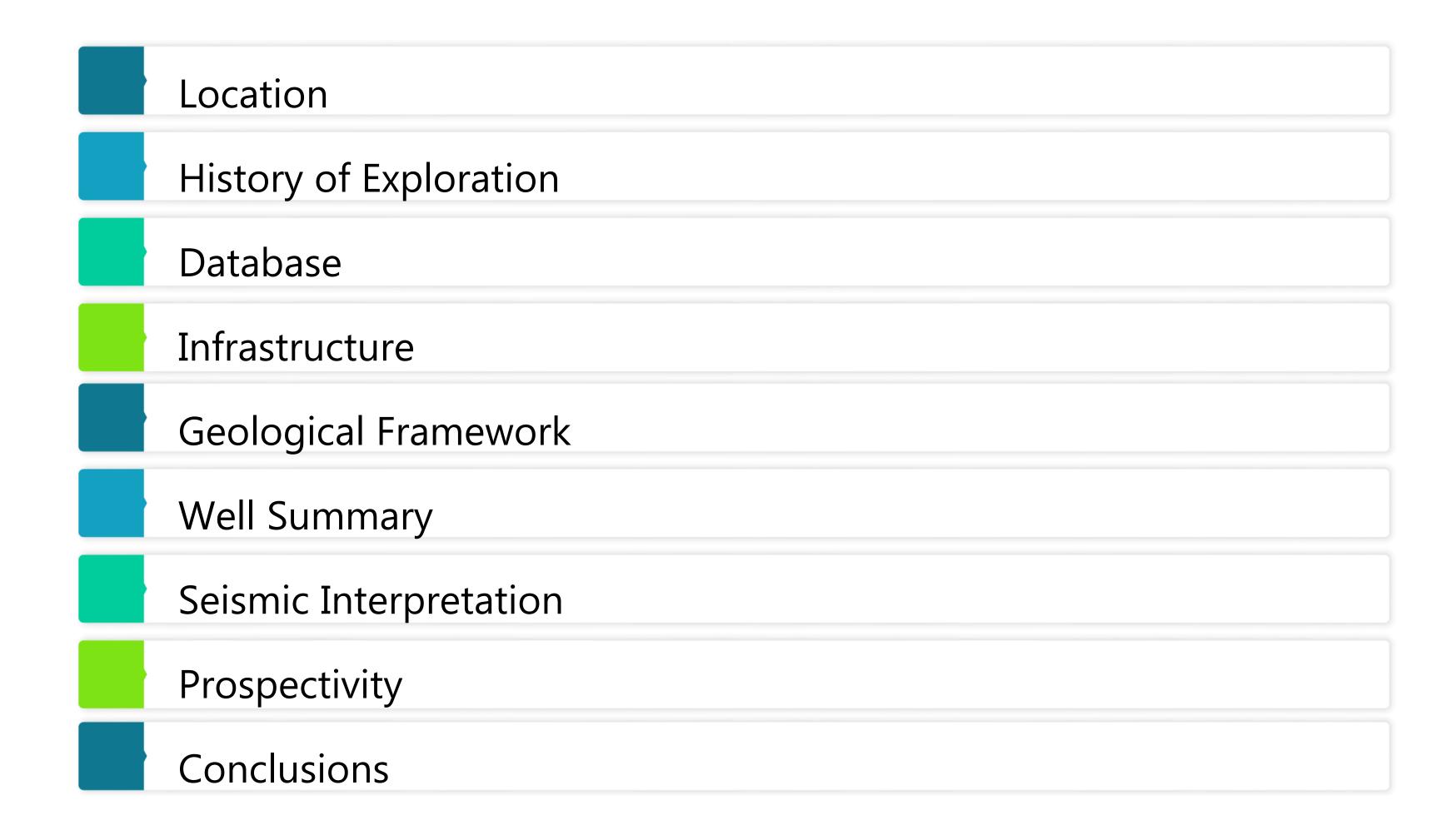








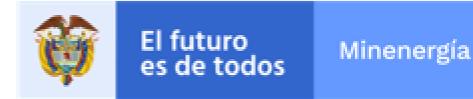
CONTENT

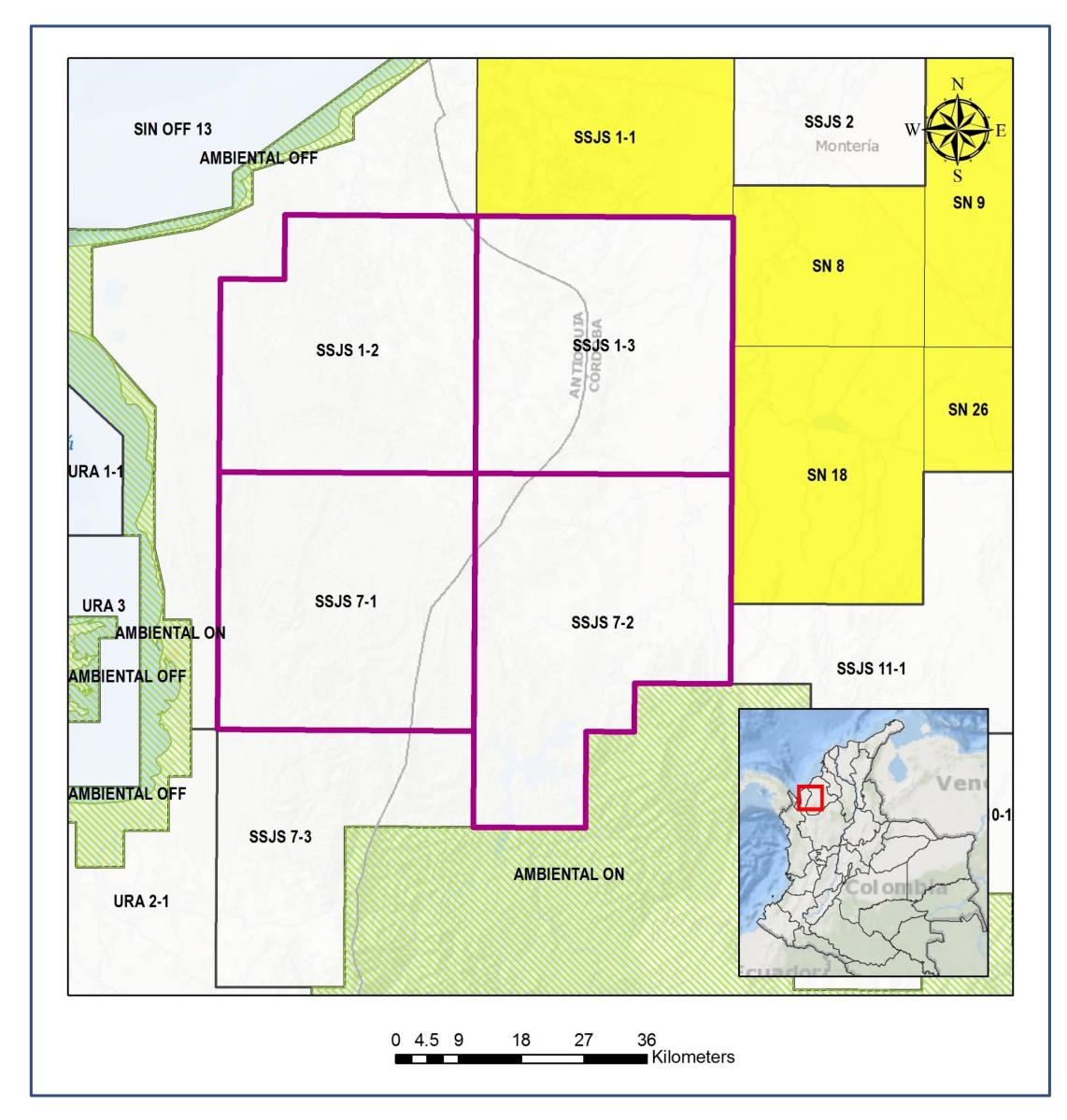




Location: SSJS 1-2, SSJS 1-3, SSJS 7-1, SSJS 7-2







Block Areas

- SSJS 1-2 (127.069 Ha).
- SSJS 1-3 (135.481Ha).
- SSJS 7-1 (135.656Ha).
- SSJS 7-2 (148.324 Ha).

Departments

Cordoba & Antioquia

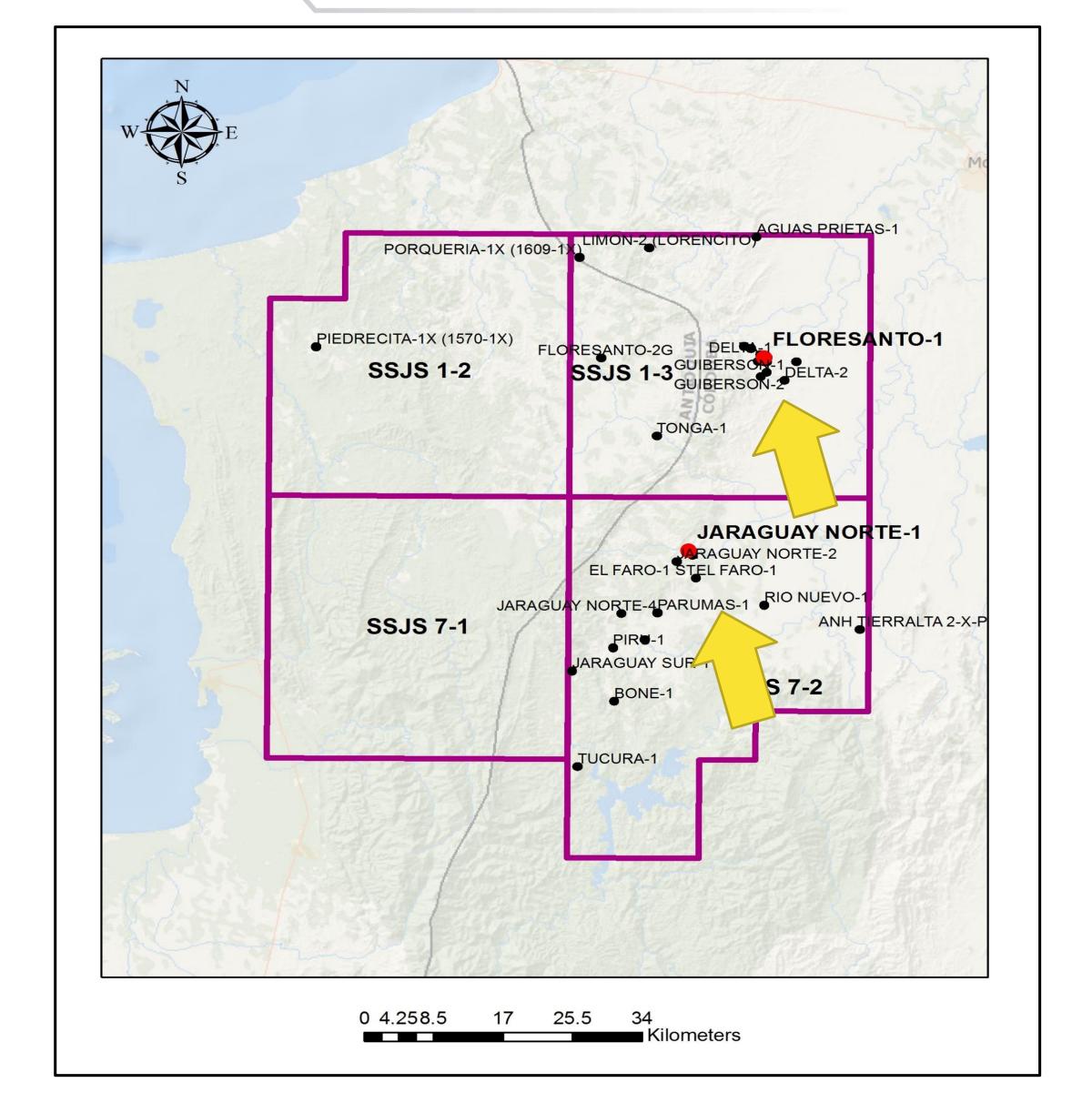


- Despite of being under-explored, this basin has a long exploration history (since 1945)
- One well with commercial production Floresanto –
 1: Depleted after two years with a total production of 28,730 BLS of 51°API oil (nearby to the area)
- Jaraguay N-1: 126 BOPD of 48° API (close to the area)
- Successful production tests in another thirteen wells (Considered as non-commercial at the time)
- 191 wells have been drilled in the whole basin

Field	Year of first well drilled	Year of last well drilled	# Of Wells
Floresanto	1945	1946	16
Jaraguay Norte	1981	1983	5





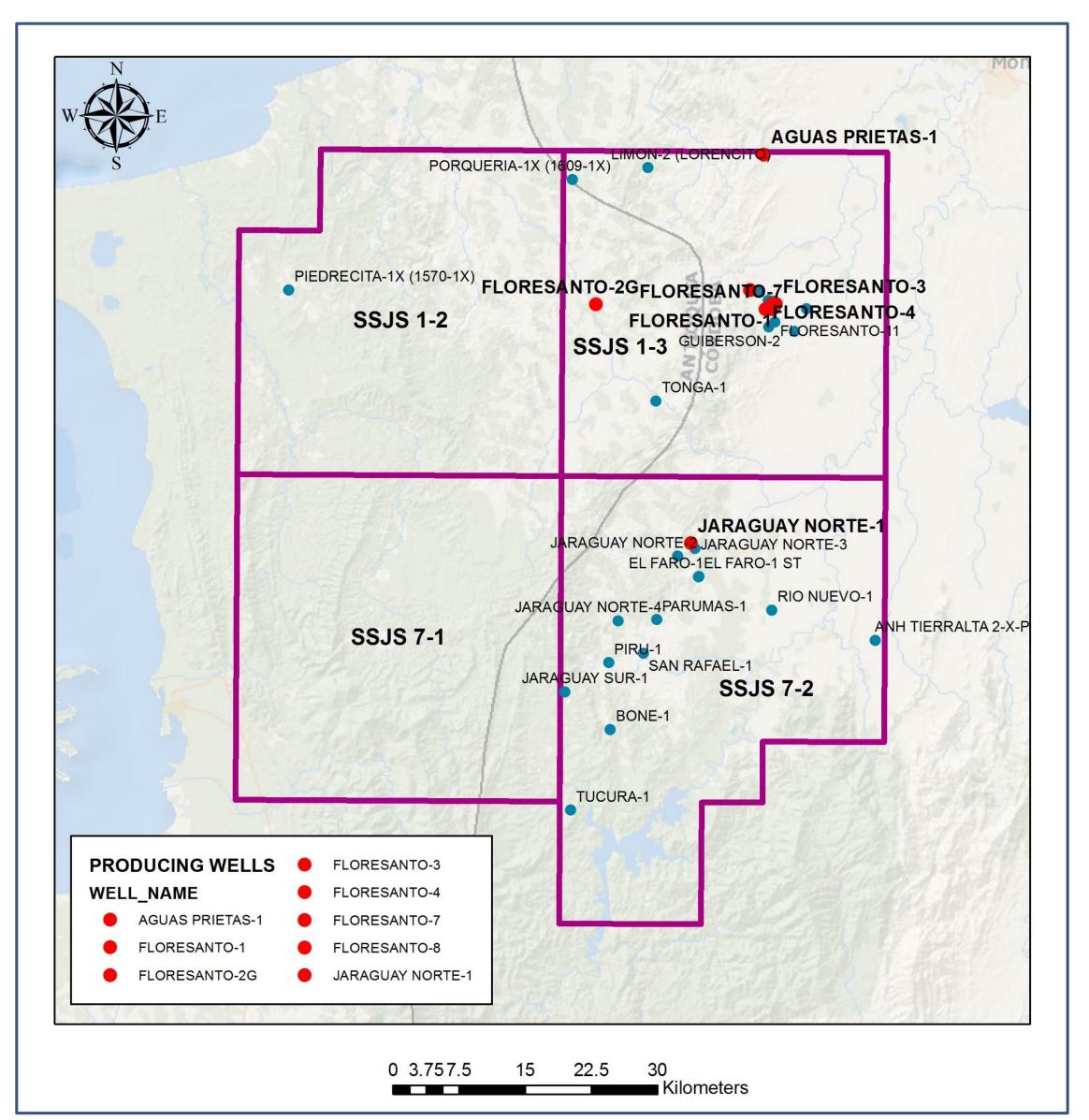




Well Data: SSJS 1-2, SSJS 1-3, SSJS 7-1, SSJS 7-2







NAME	WELLS	TD (ft)	YEAR	NAME	WELLS	TD (ft)	YEAR
Aguas Prietas-1	1	0	1926	Morrocoy-1	1	4200	1982
Anh Tierralta2xp	1	8711	2013	Parumas-1	1	5148	1984
Bone-1	1	234	1980	Piedrecita-1x (1570-1x)	1	12262	1968
Delta	2	0	1957	Piru-1	1	247	1980
El Faro-1	2	0	1982	Porqueria-1x (1609-1x)	1	14512	1969
Floresanto	16	2542	1945-1951	Rio Nuevo-1	1	6800	1982
Guiberson	2	0	1951	San Rafael-1	1	8980	1981
Jaraguay Norte1	5	5102	1981-1983	Tonga-1	1	7910	2018
Jaraguay Sur-1	1	8002	1982	Tucura-1	1	247	1980
Limon-2 (Lorencit	o)	2214	1926				
			\				

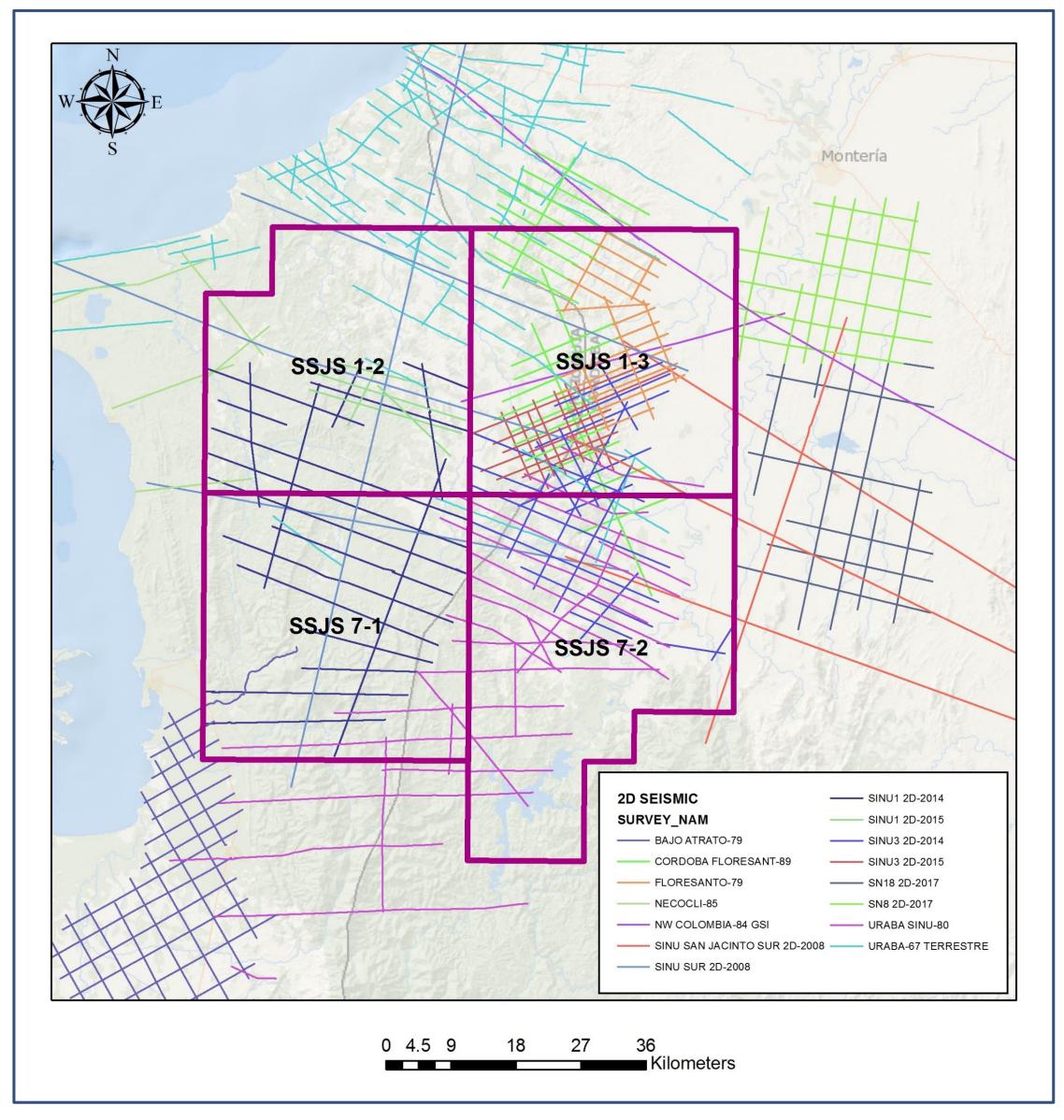


ADVERTISEMENT Seismic Data: SSJS 1-2, SSJS 1-3, SSJS 7-1, SSJS 7-2





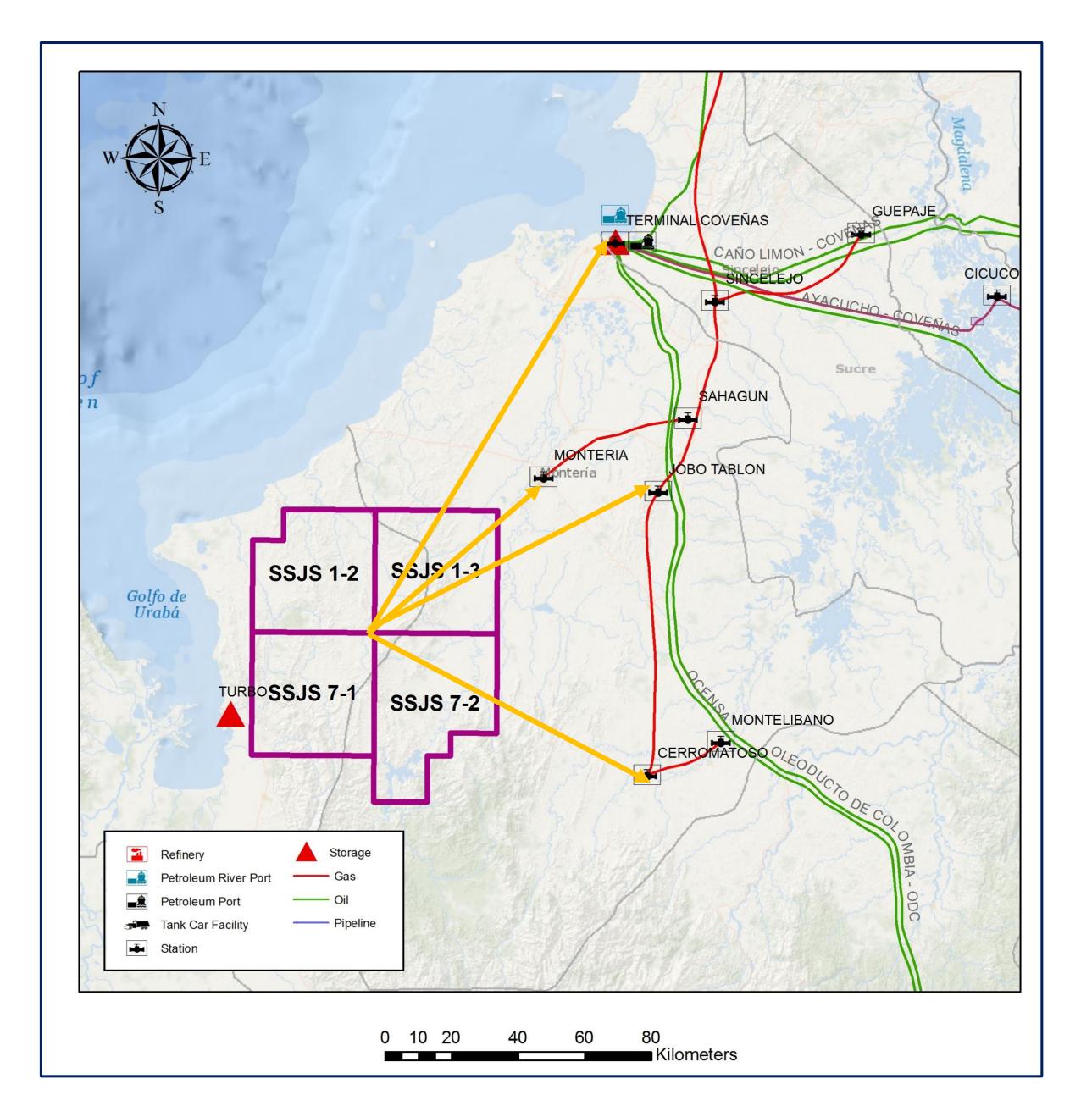




2D Seismic Surveys (14 Surveys)

- Bajo Atrato 79
- Cordoba Floresant-89
- Floresanto-79
- Necocli-85
- NW Colombia-84-GSI
- Sinu San Jacinto Sur 2D-2008
- Sinu1 Sur 2D-2008
- Sinu1 2D-2014
- Sinu3 2D-2014
- Sinu3 2D-2015
- Sn18 2d-2017
- Sn8 2d-2017
- Uraba Sinu-80
- Uraba-67 Terrestre

INFRASTRUCTURE







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Main Infrastructure nearby

- Oil Pipeline
- Terminal Coveñas (137 Km)
- Gas Pipeline
- Monteria (69 Km)
- Jobo Tablón (95 Km)
- Cerromatoso (92 Km)



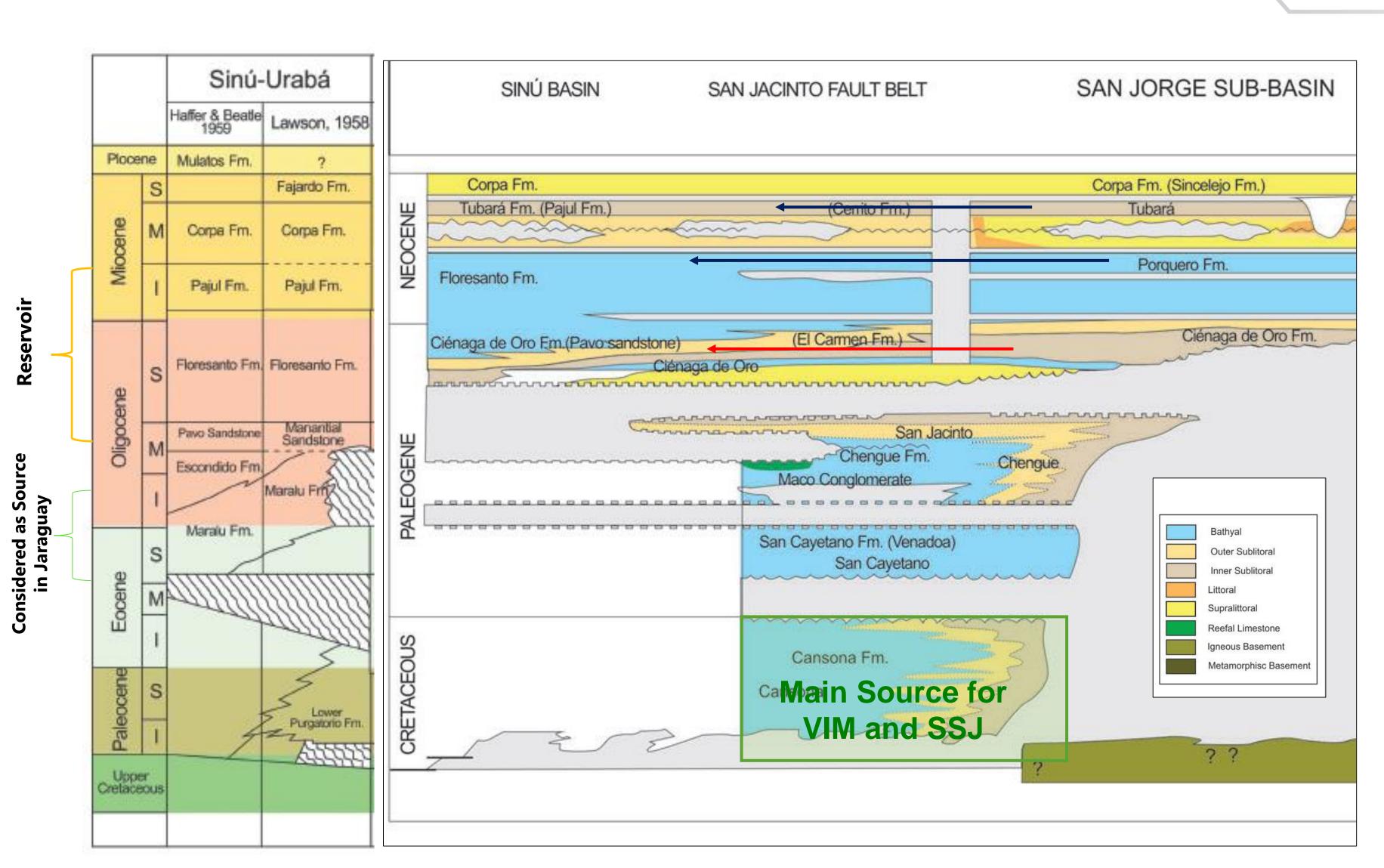


STRATIGRAPHIC SETTING





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From Lower Magdalena to SSJ

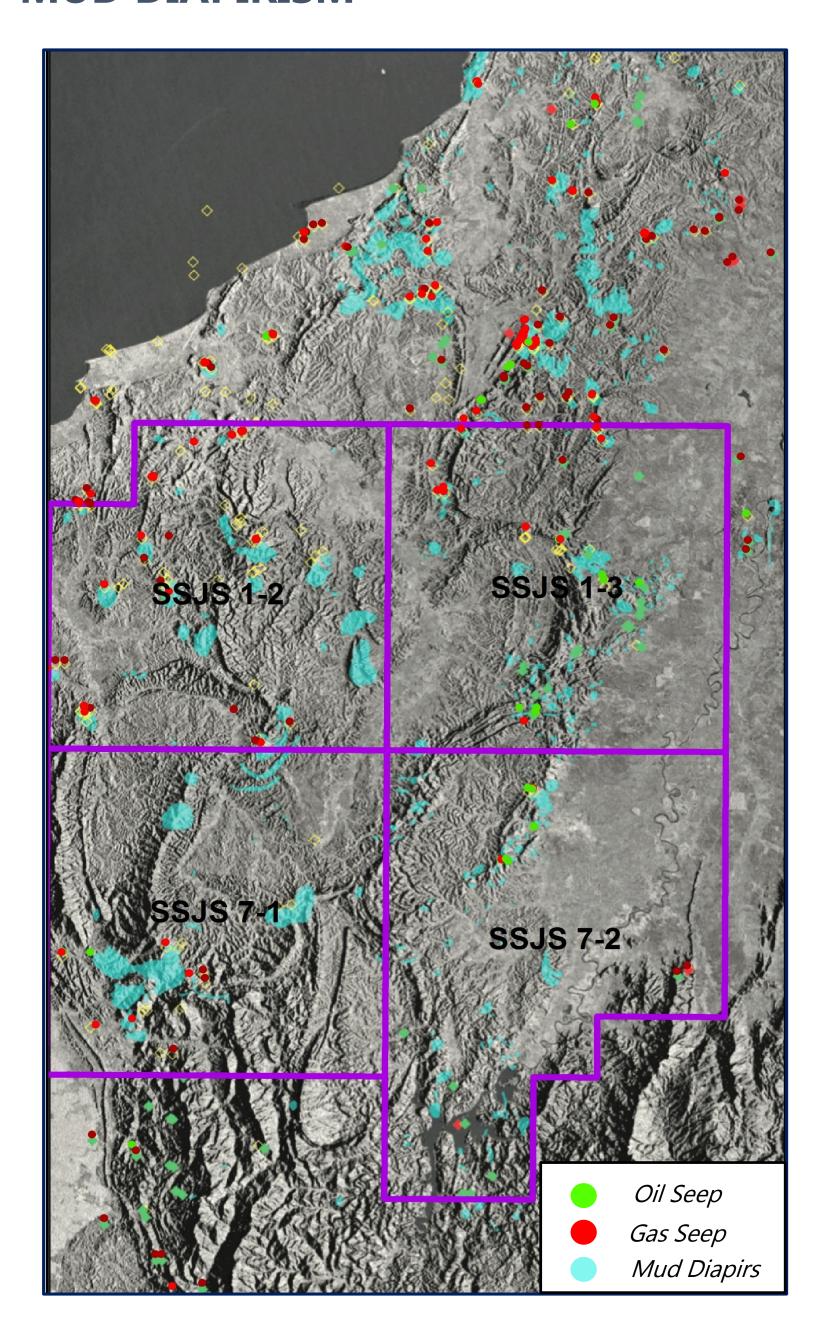
- Fluvial facies of **Tubará Fm.** remains relatively the same (Jaraguay tested production at sandstones of this level)
- Deepest facies to the ones related to the Porquero Fm. will be found in the Floresanto Fm in the Sinu Basin
- Sandstones of deeper facies to the ones related to the Cienaga De Oro Fm. are known as **Pavo sandstones** in the Sinu basin

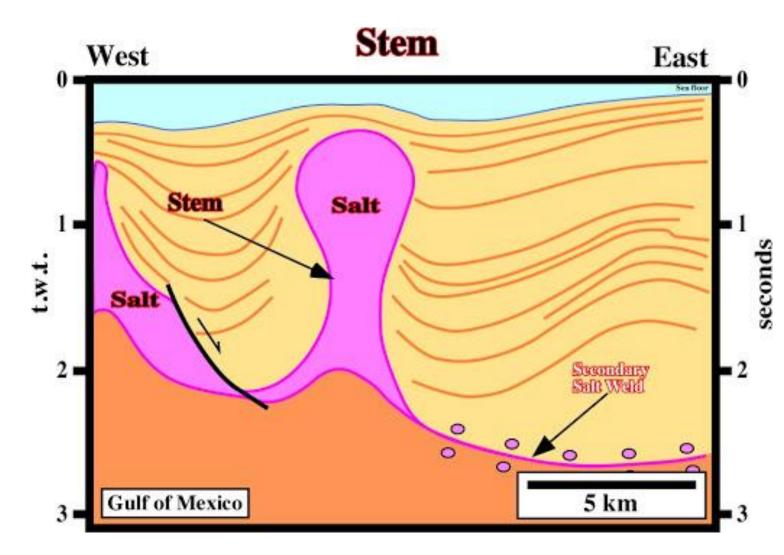
MUD DIAPIRISM





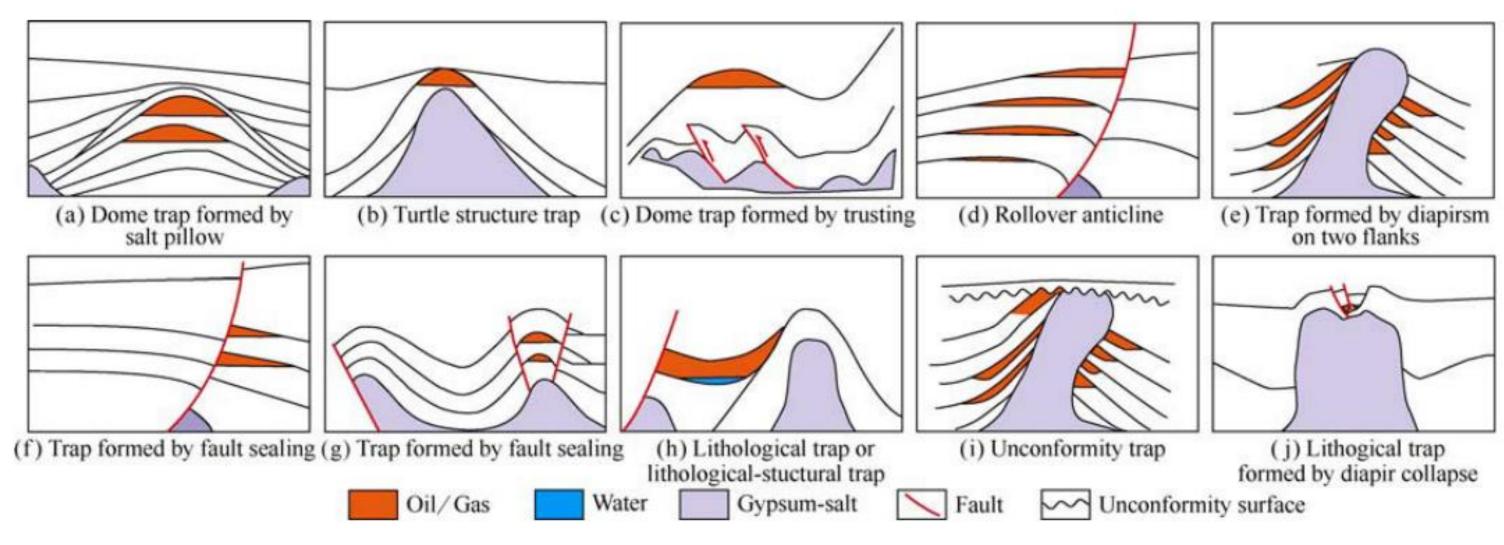
Minenergía





- Mud diapirism could be explained based on salt diapirs schemes due to its similarity
- **Ellipsoid structures** in surface are related to mud diapirs and syntectonic synclines
 - **Syntectonic sediments** could be identified because of its difference in thickness
- Weld faults could have an importance into traps
- In SSJ mud diapirs have an strong relation with oil and gas seeps distribution

Traps associated to diapirism







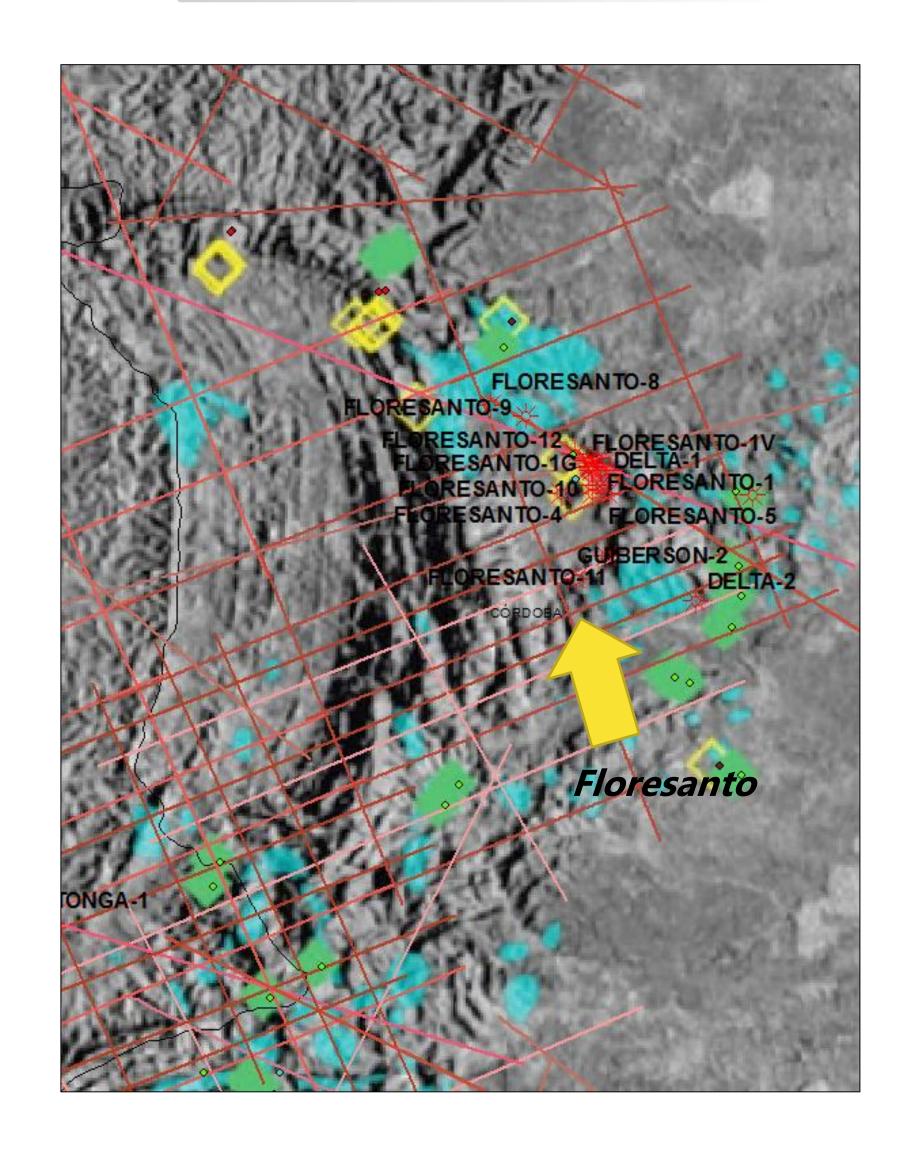
Floresanto







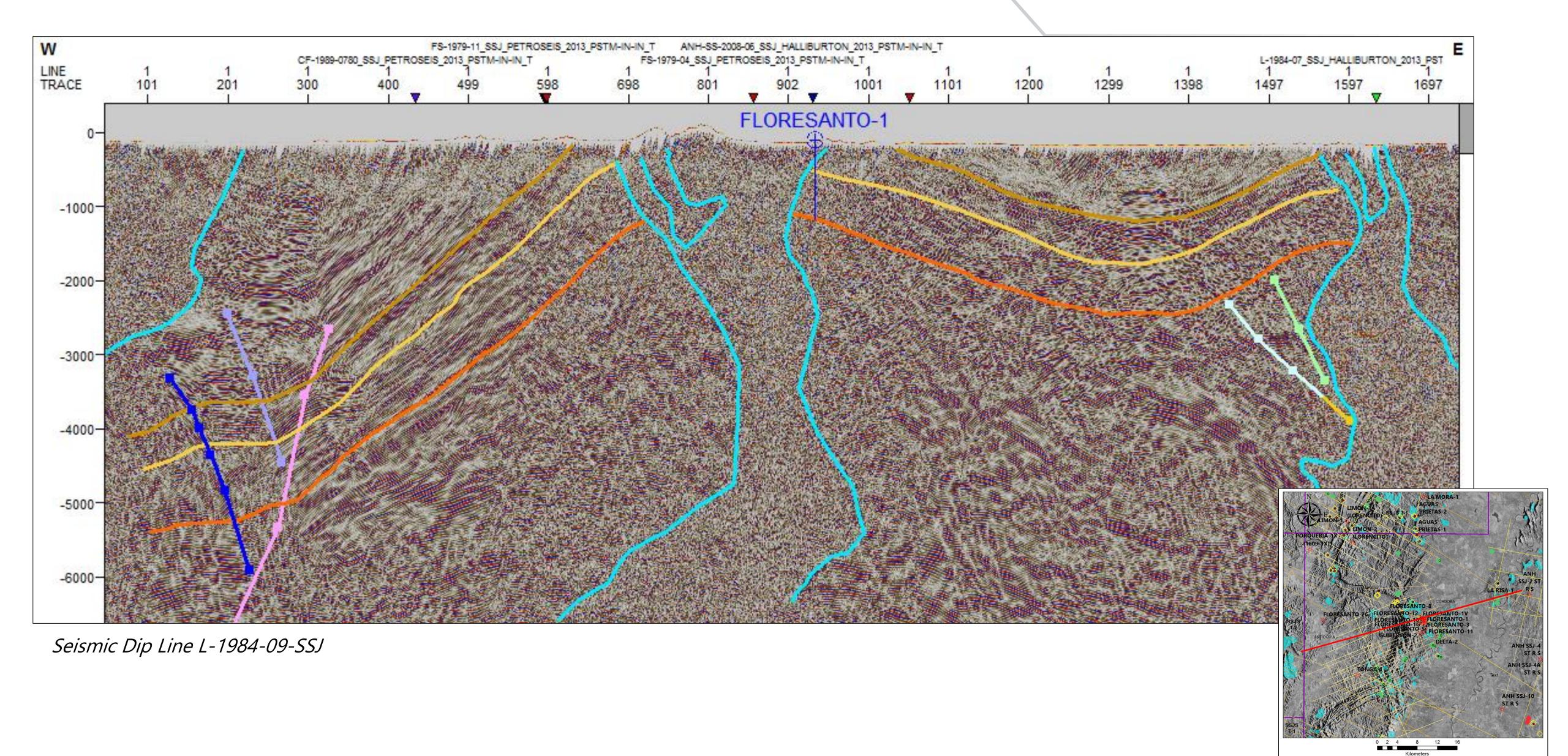
- Twelve (12) wells were drilled from May of 1945 to August of 1947.
- Most of them were drilled by Socony-Mobil and classified as producer wells. However, formal production was only declared in the wells Floresanto 1 and Floresanto 6
- Ten (10) of the twelve (12) wells were shallow (an average of 1,541') and the other two (2): **Floresanto 1** and **Floresanto 10**, reached total depths of 6,936' and 10,876', respectively.
- Floresanto 1: Oil production from of the Floresanto Pajuil Fm. (694-614') started in december of 1944. At August of 1945, 28,730 bbls were produced. (51° API)
- Floresanto 6: During tests the well produced 42 bbls in 12 hours (API 50°)



Floresanto: Dip Seismic Line







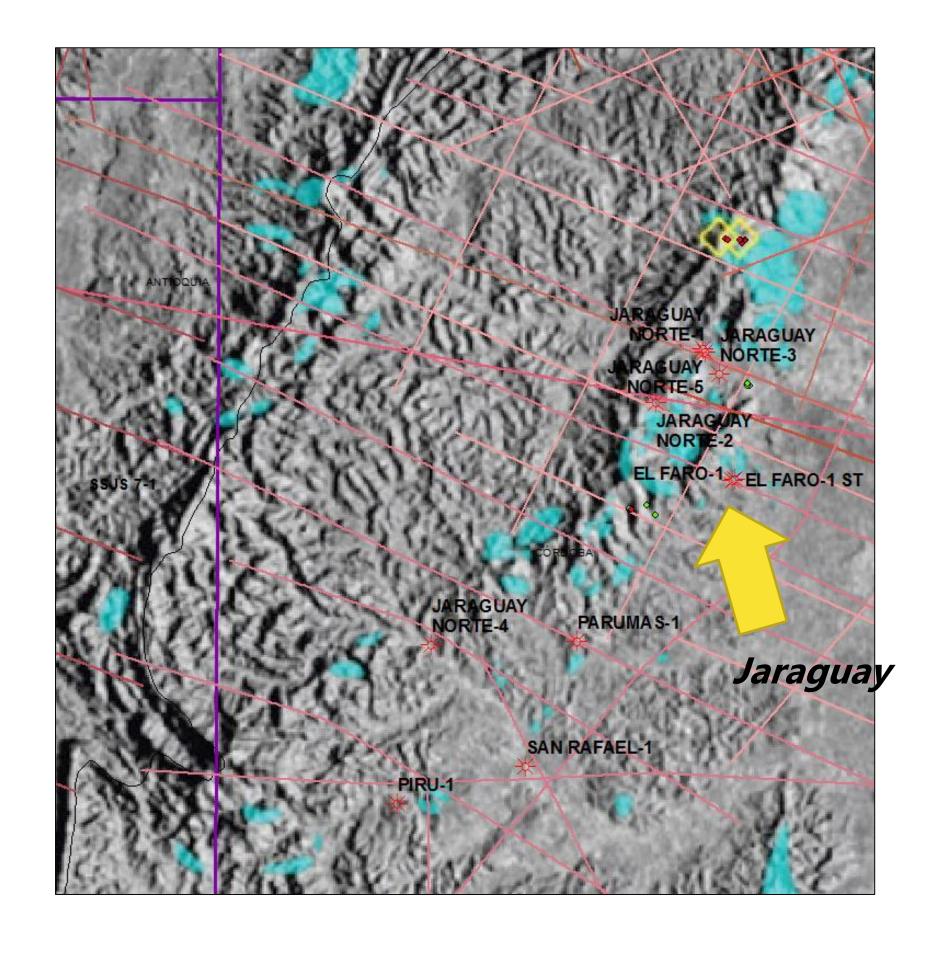
Jaraguay Norte

- Jaraguay area is located at the south of the Sinú basin
- At the Jaraguay area, rocks from the Oligocene (Maralú Fm = Lower CDO) to the Pliocene (Corpa Fm.) have been drilled
- Well targets were the equivalents of the Lower Porquero Fm (Floresanto Fm) and Cienaga de Oro Fm (Pavo Fm).
- Total depths of the Jaraguay Norte wells were reached between 2,500 and 5,000'. The well Jaraguay Sur-1 reached 8,002'
- Oil found in production tests and seeps in the area are considered as light oil (>40° API)
- Pavo sandstones are considered as the best reservoir in the area
- Jaraguay Norte 1: During production tests in the Floresanto Fm. 3,5 bls of 48°API oil were obtained at the interval 1,834′ 2,338′, 6,3 bls of 47°API at the interval 1,148′ 1,364′. The well produced at its peak 126 BOPD
- Jaraguay Norte 3: During tests only one gallon of oil were recovered



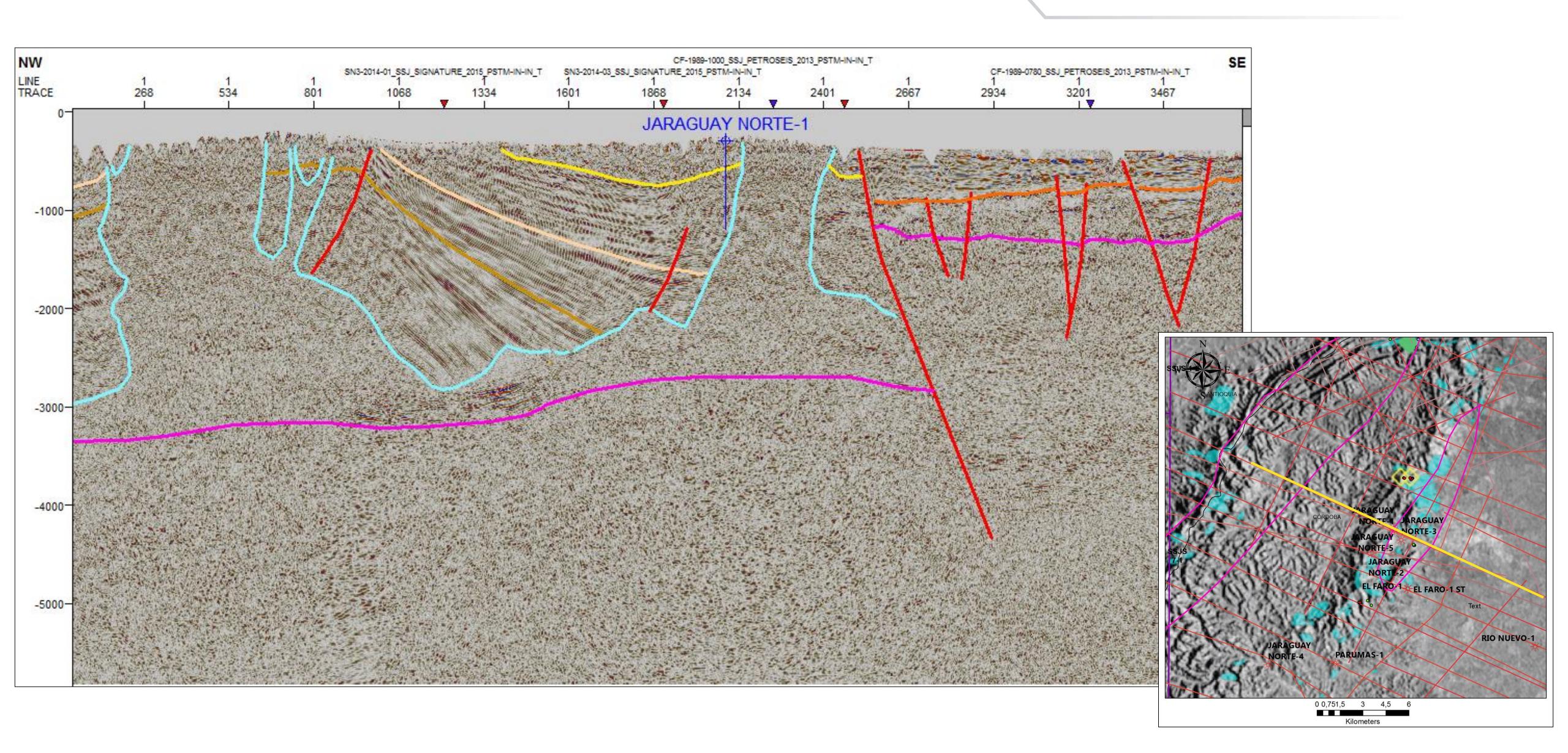












Tonga – 1

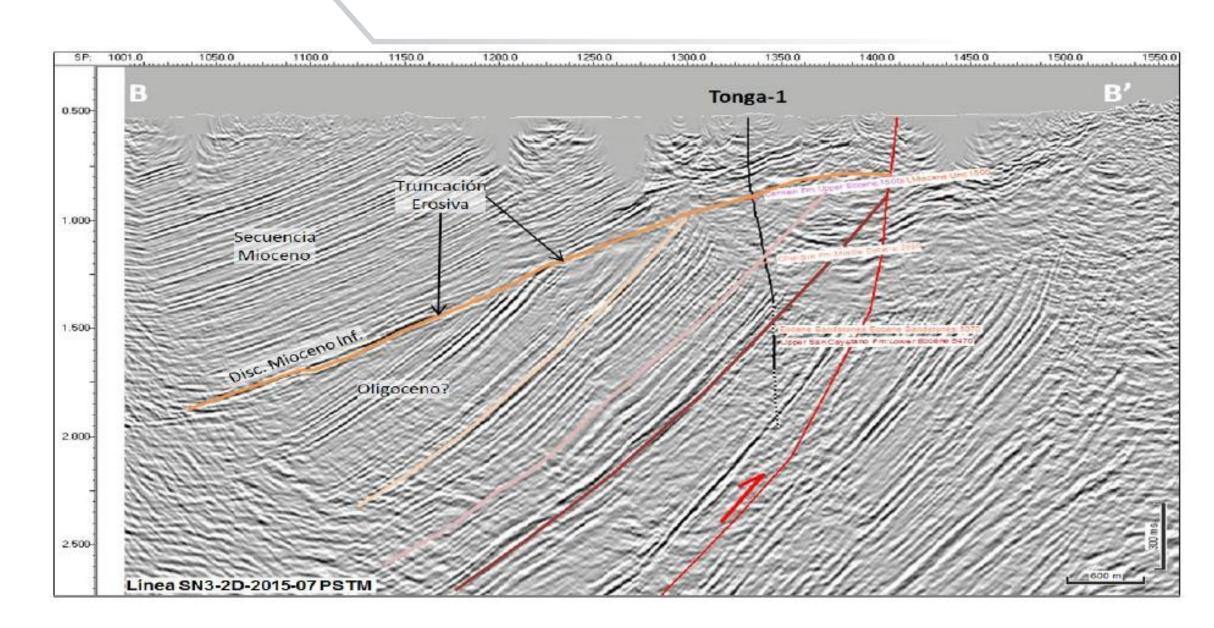
AGENCIA NACIONAL DE HIDROCARBUROS





- The well Tonga 1 was drilled by Gran Tierra Energy in **2018** with a TD of 8000′.
- The well tried to find presence of hydrocarbons in **Eocene** sandstones (Chengue Fm) and characterize units below Miocene discordance
- Despite of finding the reservoir, the shows were not economically viable.
- The well was plugged up and abandoned

,	TOPE	S PROGN	osis		TENTATIVO MUESTRAS	DIFERENCIA ESTRUCT. (pies)		
FORMACIÓN	MD (pies)	(TVD) (pies)	TVDss (pies)	MD (pies)	(TVD) (pies)	TVDss (pies)	Mayor (H) TVD'ss	Menor (L) TVD'ss
MIOCENE (PAJUIL/FLORESANTO)	Surface	Surf	345	Surface	Surface	345		
MIOCENO BASAL	941	941	-596		-			
DISCORDANCIA MIOCENO INFERIOR	1521	1511	-1166	1500	1490	-1145	-21	
EOCENO TARDÍO (CARMEN)	1521	1511	-1166	1500	1490	-1145	-21	
EOCENO MEDIO(CHENGUE)	2213	2178	-1833	2980	2920	-2575		742
EOCENO INFERIOR (SAN CAYETANO SUPERIOR	5070	4983	-4638	5470	5385	-5040		402
TD	6587	6500	-6155	8000	7910	-7565		



GA	s shows						ppm				RATIO'S CALC		.CULATIONS		
Interval (ft)	Lithology	Tot. %	B.G.G	Net %	C ₁	c ₂	C ₃	iC ₄	nC4	iC5	nC5	Wh	Bh	Ch	Type
FORMACIÓN PAJUIL/ FLORESANTO (MIOCENO)															
335 – 344	SST	0.21	0.04	0.17	2131	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
482 – 485	COAL	0.17	0.05	0.12	1709	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
665 – 670	SST	0.17	0.05	0.12	1685	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
707-712	COAL	0.36	0.04	0.32	3613	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
841' – 844'	COAL	0.19	0.15	0.04	1919	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
895' – 900'	SD	0.83	0.68	0.04	8385	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
900' – 1130'	01.707		0.08	- 4.00	4451	1	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1392' – 1397'	SLTST	1.47	0.08	1.39	14789	45	6	1	1	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>	-
FORMACIÓN CARMEN (EOCENO TARDÍO) - DISCORDANCIA (MIOCENO INFERIOR)															
1500 - 2980	-	-	0.04	•	4100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
					FORMA	CIÓN CHE	ENGUE (EOCEN	O MEDI	O)					
2980 - 3350		-	0.08	ı	5621	20	9	9	2	7	1	1	-	-	-
3370 - 3510		-	0.92	ı	9194	24	8	1	1	4	1	-	-	-	-
3520 – 3770	SLTST /SD	-	1.66	-	16588	38	8	5	1	2	1	-	-	-	-
3770 - 3940	SLTST/SD	-	0.5		5290	14	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4001' - 4010	SST	2.0	0.5	1.5	20130	59	18	13	3	6	1	-	-	-	-
4067 - 4073	SST	2.4	0.5	1.9	24139	77	26	22	4	9	2	-	-	-	-
4210 - 4520	SLTST	-	0.96	ı	9572	25	6	6	1	3	1	-	-	-	-
4530 – 4760	SST/SLTS T	-	0.86	•	8599	25	7	6	1	3	1	-	-	-	-
4760 - 5160	SLTST	-	0.97	-	9692	29	9	9	1	4	1	-	-	-	-
5293 -5320	SST	2.43	0.44	1.99	24116	69	27	20	4	10	2	-	-	-	-
FORMACIÓN SAN CAYETANO SUPERIOR (EOCENO INFERIOR)															
5704 -5709	SST	1.6	0.6	1.0	16024	48	16	12	2	7	2	-	-	-	-
5776 - 5820	SST-SD	1.99	0.68	1.31	19816	55	19	15	3	7	4	-	-	-	-
5842 - 6020	SLTST	-	1.43	-	14195	42	14	11	2	6	1	-	-	-	-
6130 - 6220	SLTST	-	0.82	•	8110	25	9	8	2	5	1	-	-	-	-

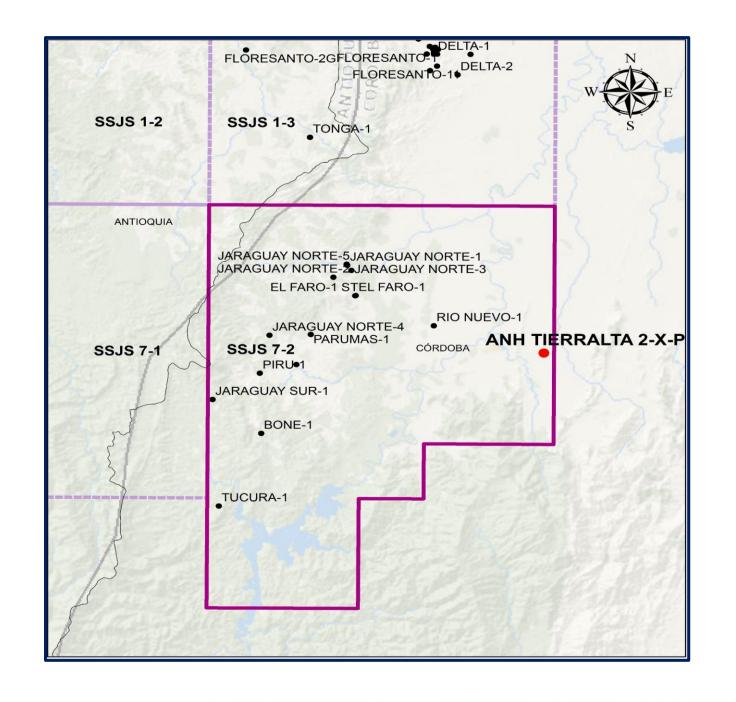
ANH-Tierra Alta 2-X-P

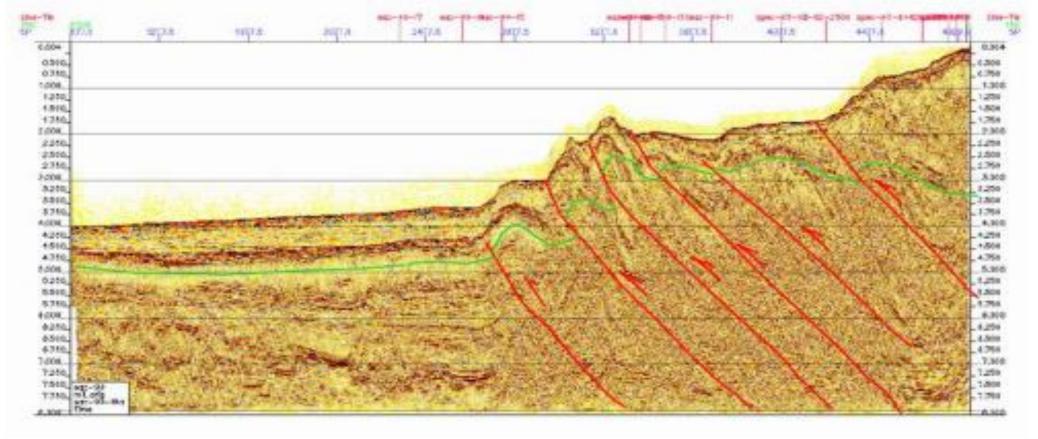
ACENCIA NACIONAL DE HIDROCAPRIBOS



- The well ANH-Tierra Alta 2-X-P was drilled in 2013 with a TD of 8711'.
- The main objective was to reach the Cansona and San Cayetano formations.
- No visible and significant manifestation of oil was observed in the sandy levels
 of the formartions drilled in this well
- Sediments found in the well do not match with the units reported in literature
- Light oil were found in stains (API>35°)

	TOPES										
FORMACIÓN	PROGNOSIS	GEOLÓGICA	MUESTRAS								
	Profundidad medida (ft)	Profundidad Vertical Verdadera (ft)	Profundidad medida (ft)	Profundidad Vertical Verdadera (ft)							
DEPOSITOS ALUVIALES	superficie	superficie	superficie	0							
SECUENCIA 1			280	280							
R1	950	950	970	970							
SECUENCIA 2			970	970							
SECUENCIA 3		18	1.181	1.181							
R2	1.540	1.540	1.180	1.180							
R3	2.895	2.895	2.950	2.948							
SECUENCIA 4			3.112	3.110							
SECUENCIA 5			5.330	5.325							
R4	6.400	6.400	6.620	6.612							
SECUENCIA 6	Y		6.620	6.612							
TD	8.711	8.711	8.711	8.698							









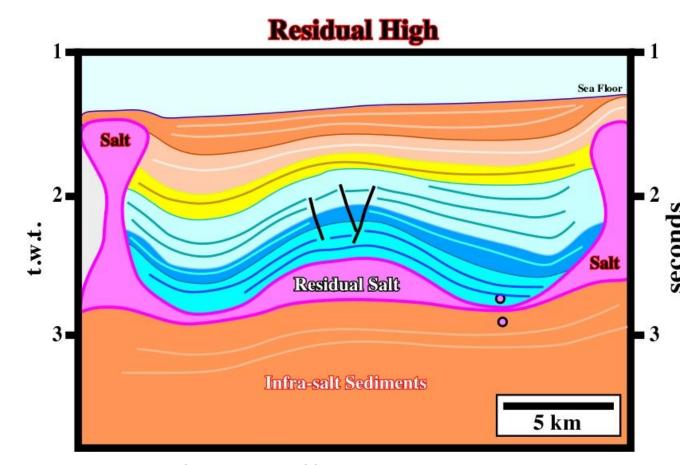
SEISMIC INTERPRETATION **Three Different Types of Traps**

- 1) Traps on Flanks
- 2) Anticlines with Normal Faults by Collapse 3) Unconformities

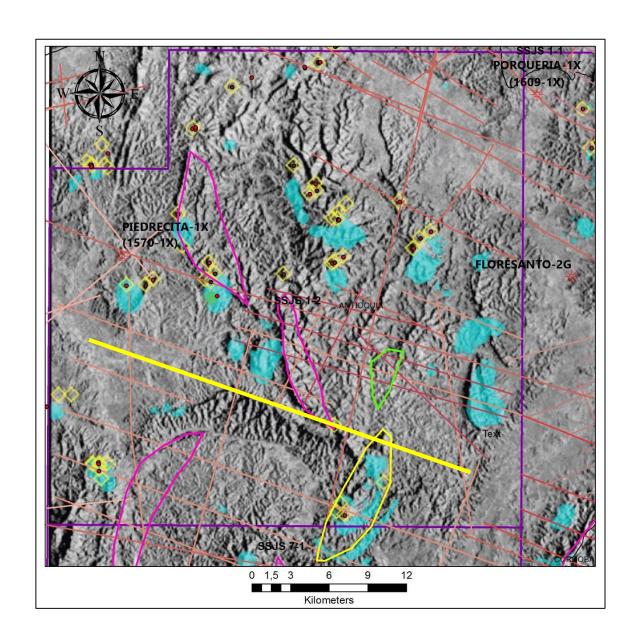
SEISMIC INTERPRETATION SSJ 1-2: Anticline with normal faults by collapse

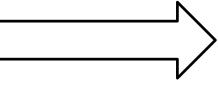




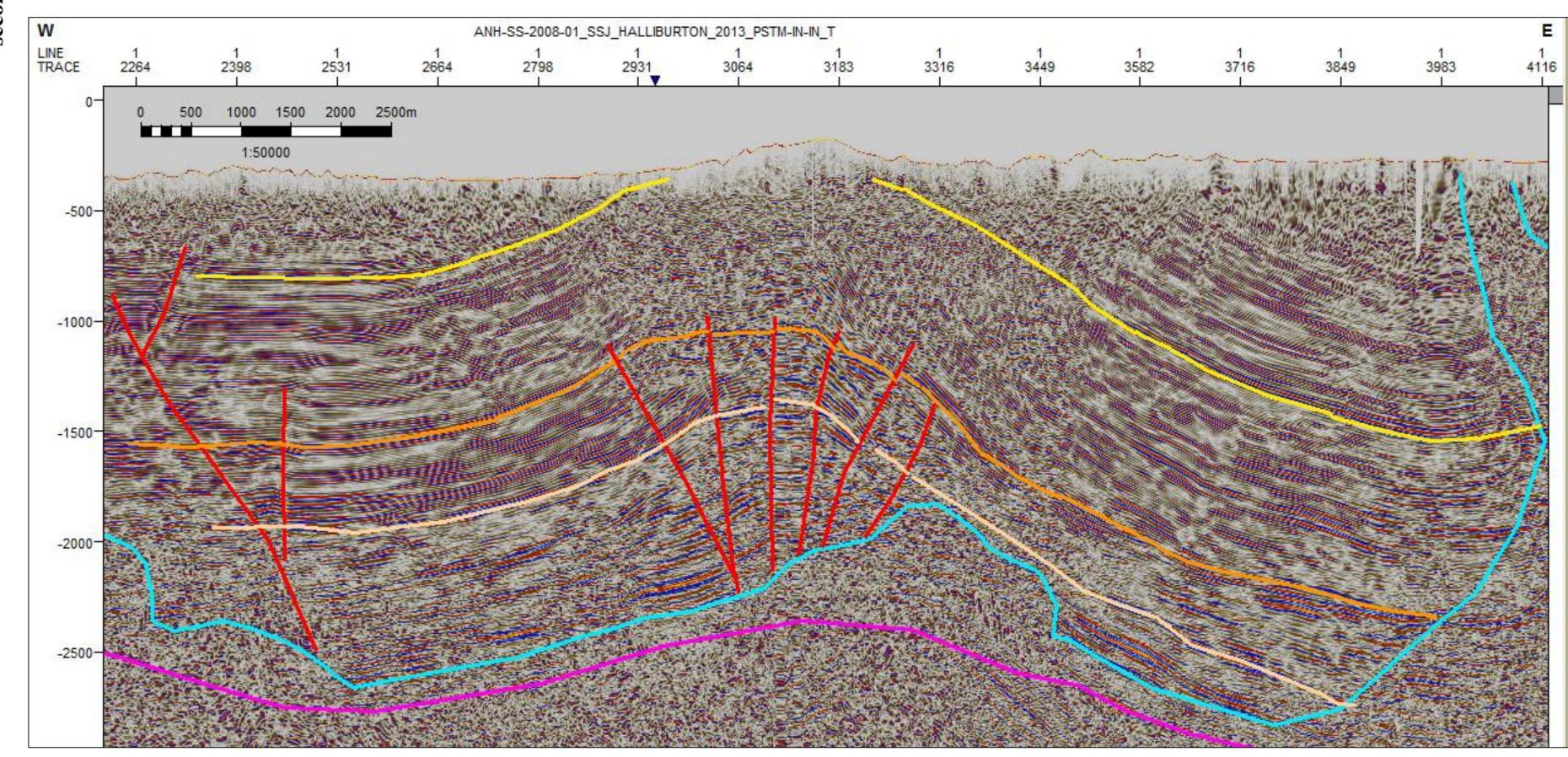


Taken from (Seffel, 1968)





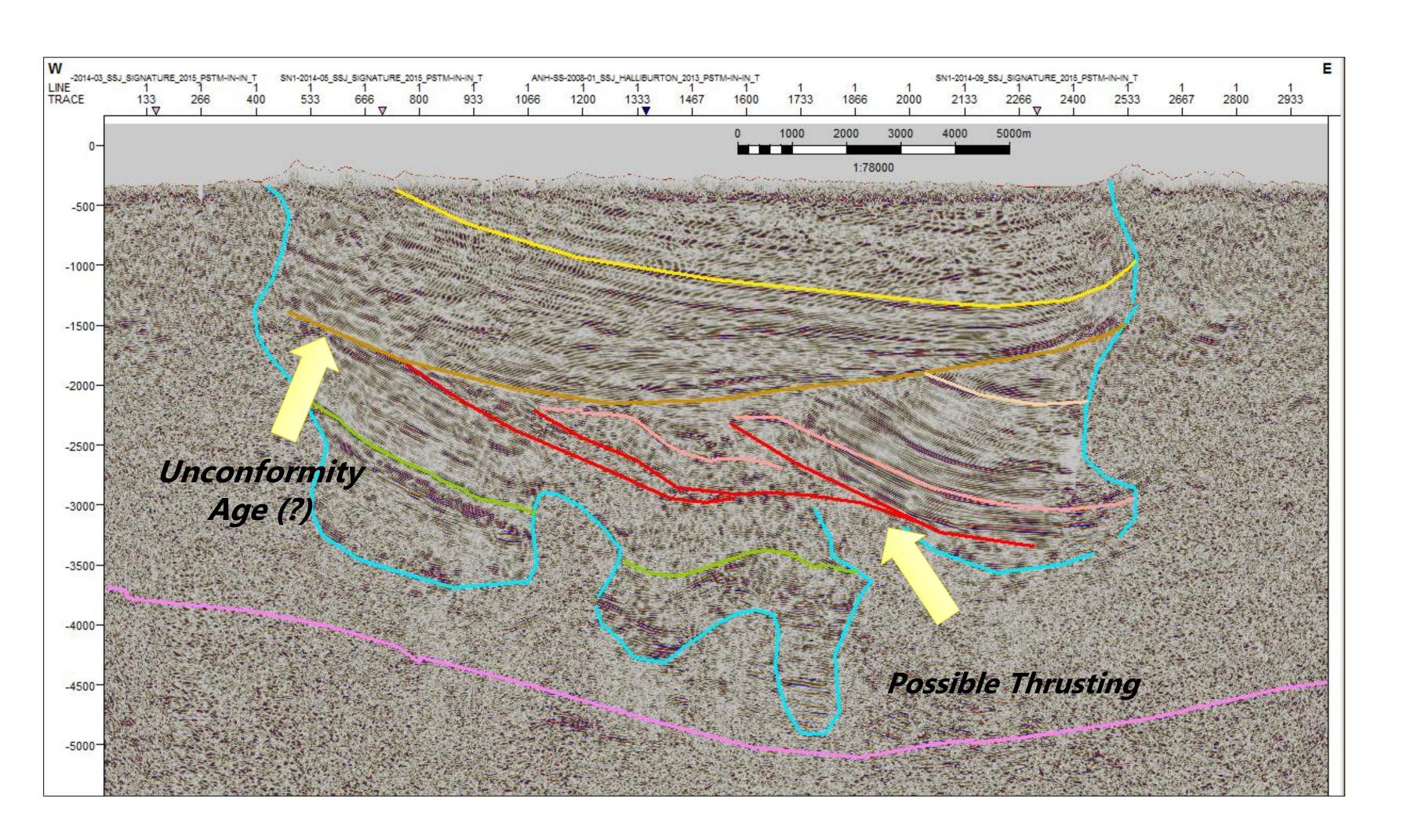
Residual High: Antiforms formed as an early stage of "Turtle Back" structures

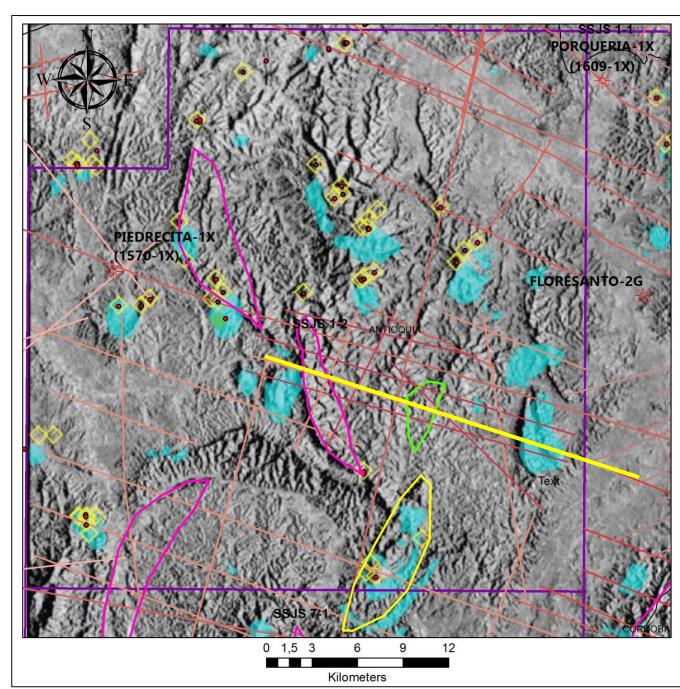


SEISMIC INTERPRETATION SSJ 1-2: Unconformities





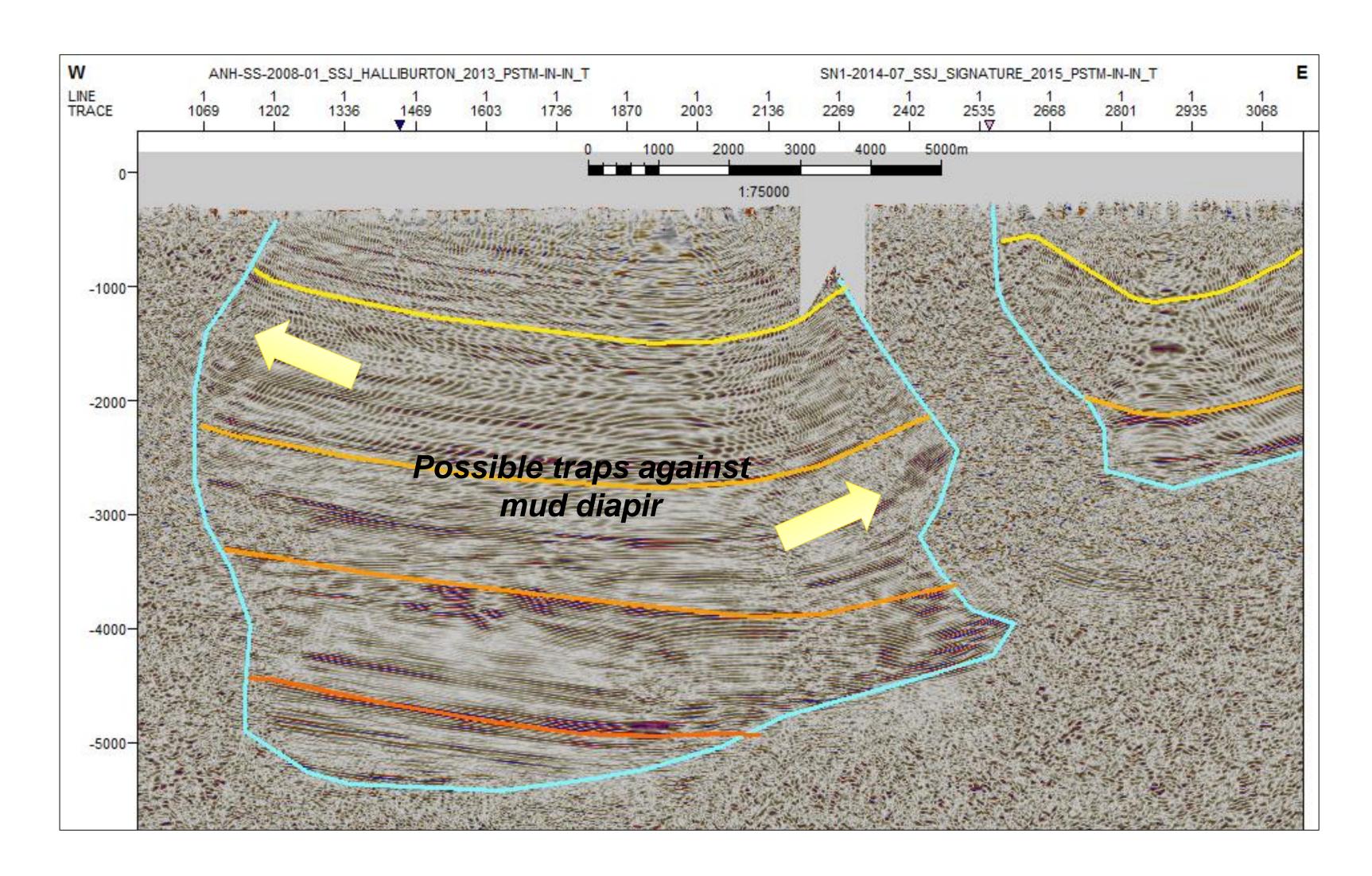


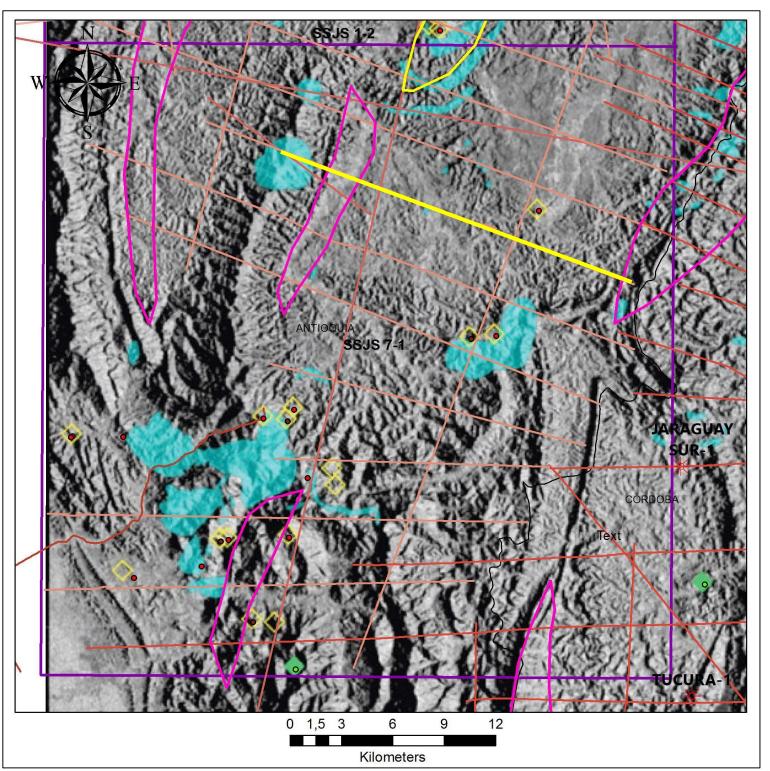


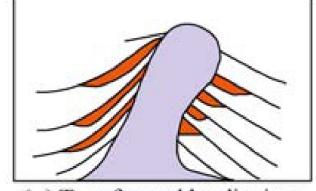
SEISMIC INTERPRETATION SSJ 7-1: Traps on flanks









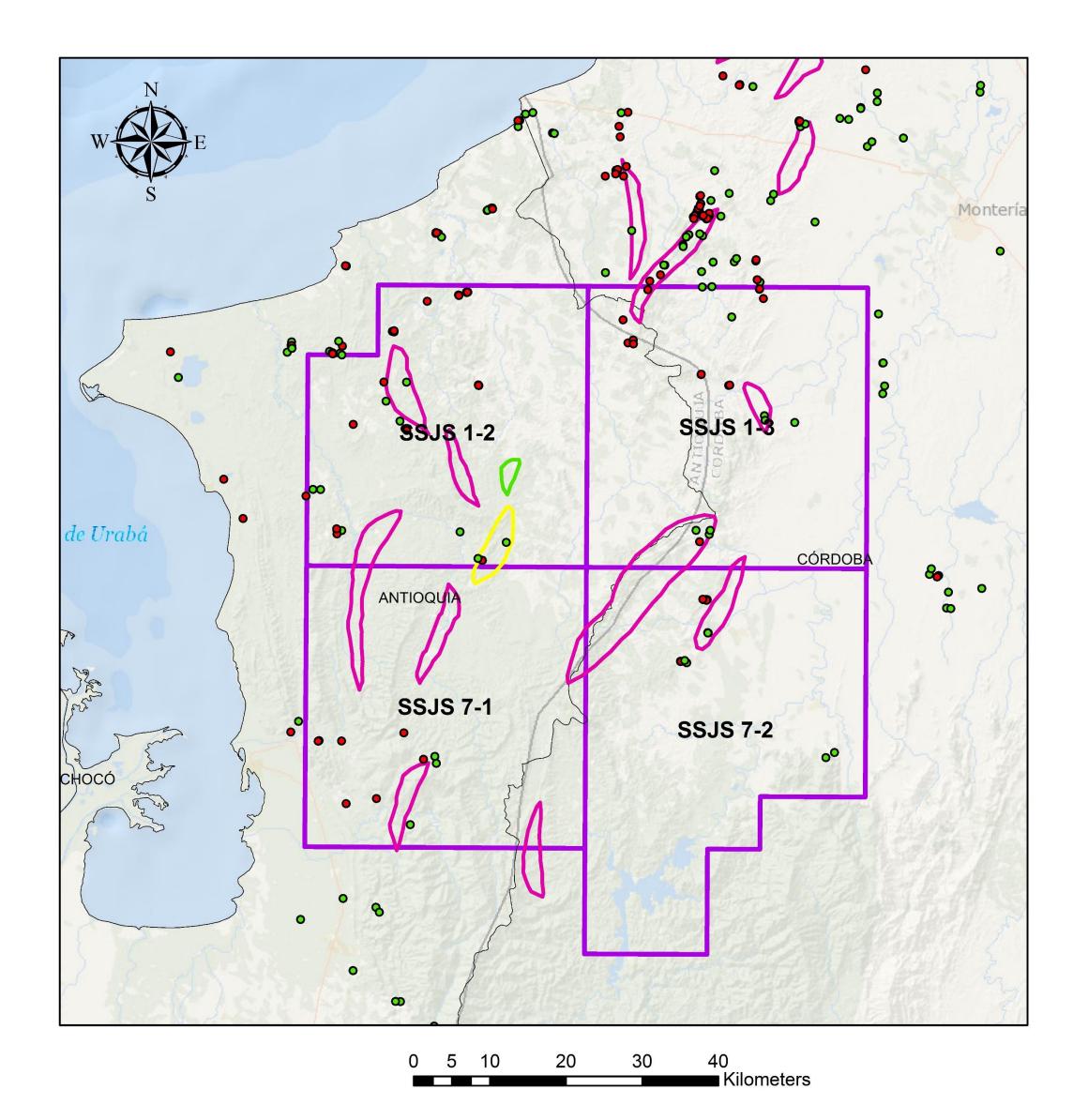


(e) Trap formed by diapirsm on two flanks



RECOVERABLE PROSPECTIVE RESOURCES

VOLUMETRICS: TOTAL







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Oil (Deterministic)

13 leads in total

OOIP: 1,282.51 MMBls

Recovery factor 50% Chance of success 30%

Prospective Resources

High Estimate **Best Estimate**

Low Estimate

192.37 MMBIs

96.18 MMBIs

19.2 MMBIs

CONCLUSIONS





- The area despite of being unexplored has a very long history of exploration, including wells of the Floresanto field drilled from 1945 to 1947 by Socony Mobil and wells of the Jaraguay Norte field drilled in 1981 by Petrocol.
- **7 wells** and **3,101 Km** of 2D seismic have been acquired in the mega area including of the Sinú South area.
- Maralu (Eocene) and Cansona (Upper K) Formations are considered as the source rock in the area and the Pavo sandstones, Floresanto and Pajuil Formations are considered as the reservoirs
- The synclines and main structures in the area are dominated by the dynamic of mud diapirs with a source possibly at Oligocene Sediments
- Two fields have shown production in the area: Floresanto (28,730 bls/51°API) and Jaraguay Norte (126 BOPD bls/48°API in Jaraguay Norte -1) with 12 and 5 wells drilled respectively
- The seismic imaging could be improved using wave-based migration techniques such as RTM (Reverse Time Migration)
- Three different sort of traps have been identified: 1) traps at mud diapir flanks, 2) anticlines with normal faults by collapse and 3) traps related to unconformities, being the first one the most common
- Inside the areas offered by the ANH, 13 leads have been mapped using surface geology and seismic interpretation with a best estimate of recoverable prospective resources of 96,18 MMBIs.







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